THE BEAVER ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY in the old Argus building, on Third Street Beaver, Pa., at

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

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Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, *Editor & Proprietor.*

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 50--No. 25. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, June 24, 1868. Established 1818

C. P. Decarme,

MANUFACTURER OF, AND DEALER IN, All kinds of Cigars Tobaccos, Snuffs, &c. &c.—Prices moderate. No to Quick sales and small profits. Shop on the corner nearly opposite the Post Office. Beaver, Pa. July17,'67,tf.

WINE FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS A LARGE LOT OF Pure Domestic Wine, manufactured by himself, at his vineyard near Industry, Beaver county, Pa., which he will sell at moderate rates. This wine is made from the Concord and Catawba Grape, and will be sold by the bottle, gallon or keg.

Concord plants one year old, for sale at my vineyard. apr15'68:3mos* CHARLES ROEDEL.

FRANK WILSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

BEAVER, PENN'A.

OFFICE ON 3D STREET, IN ROOM LATELY occupied by Judge Adams as a store room. apr15'68:3mos*.

DRS. MARQUIS & CUNNINGHAM

PRACTICING PHYSICIANS,

ROCHESTER, PA.

☞ Office two doors east of Ankeny's Hotel Prompt attention given to all calls. apr29'68:1y.

G. L. EBERHART,

CIVIL ENGINEER & SURVEYOR

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

SURVEYS, MAPS AND PROFILES MADE ON short notice. [je17'68.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. Office south of Moore's Drug Store, Third Street, Beaver, Pa. my13'68.

DRS. PARKER & WALLACE,

Homeopathic Physicians & Surgeons,

TENDER THEIR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the people of Rochester and vicinity. Office in Nelson's block, corner of Diamond, Rochester.

P.S. Special attention given to surgery and chronic diseases.

Office consultations can be had at any time. apr3'68:1y.

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CUNNINGHAM & KUHN.

Atty's. at Law.

OFFICE, THIRD ST.,

apr6'67:1y. *BEAVER, PA.*

DR. C. B. WARRINGTON,

(SUCCESSOR TO DR. W. A. ROSE,)

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

[Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania,]

Has located permanently at

Rochester, Beaver county, Pa

Having had many years experience in all branches of the practice of medicine, he offers his services to the citizens of the village and surrounding country.

☞ Office and residence on Water street, second door West of the Pittsburgh National Plow Factory, where he may be consulted, after June 18th, at all hours, day or night. [je17'68:3mos.

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Watch Maker and Jeweller,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.,

(In room adjoining J. C. Wilson's office.)

Gold watches and chronometers repaired and warranted. Engraving done to order.

☞ The patronage of the public is solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a trial. apr17'68:3m.

SALT.

The Beaver Falls Salt Works!

THESE WORKS ARE NOW IN SUCCESSFUL operation, and making an excellent COARSE SALT, superior for curing Meats, &c. And also making FINE SALT of a good quality. The attention of SALTERS, MERCHANTS & FARMERS, is invited to see and examine for themselves. Orders will be promptly filled.

Beaver Falls, April 11, 1863—apr15'63:3m.

Henry Lapp,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE

Brighton street, above the Plow Factory,

ROCHESTER, PA.

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Allison & Johnson.

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MECHANICAL DRAWINGS, MAPS, DRAWING for Patents, Sketches of Blooded Stock, and Views executed to order. Landscapes and portraits on Colors or Crayon Miniatures copied to any size. Photographs touched in India Ink or in Colors, Water or Oil. Pupils received in painting and and mechanical or free hand drawing. Office and studio, in Wynn's building, Beaver, Pa., west of national hotel second floor, front.

☞ Terms moderate. [apr22'68:3m.

Chas. B. Hurst,

Notary Public, Conveyancer and Insurance Agent.

DEEDS AND AGREEMENTS WRITTEN AND acknowledgements taken, &c.

Having been duly commissioned as Agent for several first-class Insurance Companies, representing the Fire, Life, Accident, and Live Stock Departments, is prepared to take risks and write policies on the most liberal terms.

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Office in Leafs brick row, Diamond, Rochester, Pa. apr29'68.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for spring and summer wear, which he offers at very moderate rates.

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Clothing made to order on the shortest possible notice.

Thankful to the public for past favors, I hope by close attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

DANIEL MILLER,

BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER, PA.

Sands & Reineman,

No. 30 Fifth Sreet, Pittsburgh,

DEALERS IN

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE, BRITANIA, JAPANNED, Wooden and Willow Ware, American and French Clocks. They have always on hand the following:

Table Spoons,	Tea Setts,	Water Coolers,
Tea Spoons,	Goblets,	Walnut Brackets
Table Forks,	Tea Trays,	Iron Tables,
Desert Forks,	Salvers,	Clothes Horses,
Coffee Urns,	Ice Chests.	

apr22'68:1y

THE CHEAPEST

Boot and Shoe House

IN THE CITY,

J. H. Borland,

MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE & COMMISsion dealers in Boots, Shoes & Rubbers, at New York and Boston Prices, thus saving of expense and freight.

Also, Agent for Philadelphia City made goods at manufacturers prices.

Country Merchants and Shoe Dealers will save money by calling on me before going East.

Goods Received Daily

At No. 102 Third Street,

Near Wood, PITTSBURGH, PA.

RETAIL STORE

No. 98 Market Street,

2D DOOR FROM FIFTH.

my6'68:6m.

ROOFING SLATE!

TWIN CITY SLATE MINING

AND

MAUFACTURING COMPANY.

J. S. NEWMYER, S. H. ANDERSON, J. N. SHALLENBERGER, *President. Secretary. Superintendent.*

OFFICE,

No. 43 Seventh Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

It is believed that the time has come in the progress of American architecture, when the question will no longer be asked, "What shall we use for roofing?" but, "WHERE CAN WE OBTAIN THE BEST SLATE."—Older countries have long since established the fact that no material is so well adapted, and so durable, as Slate for covering buildings. Two obstacles to its general use in this country have existed heretofore first, the transition character of society, which is necessarily opposed to permanence in architecture—and second, the great abundance and low price of lumber. The first impediment is rapidly yielding to time and riper ideas on the subject of building, and the other must soon give away to the scarcity and advancing price of lumber suitable for roofing purposes.

We submit a few leading advantages of a Slate roof:

It is superior to every other in appearance.

It is easily put on.

It saves insurance.

It is fire proof.

It is imperishable.

The Twin City Slate Company's Mines are in Northampton County, Penn'a. The Slate is a beautiful dark blue, unchangeable in color, splits in perfectly smooth plates of any size required, and hardens steadily by exposure to the atmosphere. No Slate in the United States is superior to it, in all the qualities essential to a good roof, and we think but little equal to it. It is furnished at the yard in Pittsburgh, at the rate of $12.00 a square (one hundred square feet), which with expense of laying, will add about 25 per cent. to the cost of a shingle roof at present prices.

Samples of Slate may be seen, and orders left at the office of A. T Shallenberger & Co., Rochester, Pa.

Parties at a distance, can address J. S. Nowmyer, No. 43 Seventh street, Pittsburgh, Pa. mar1'68:6m.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after June 7th, 1868, Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows. [Train leaving Chicago at 5:35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 1.15 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's
Pittsburgh	200AM	645AM	920AM	150AM
Rochester	310	815	1040	500
Salem	454	1031	1236PM	447
Alliance	545	1125	115	540
Canton	627	1213PM	158	626
Massillon	647	1240	218	645
Orrville	717	132	252	718
Wooster	745	207	320	745
Mansfield	916	400	500	928
Crestline	945	415	530	1000
	1000	600AM	600	1015
Bucyrus	1025	629	640	1041
Upper Sandusky	1058	718	719	1114
Forest	1127	749	751	1147
Lima	1227PM	903	906	115AM
Van Wert	128	1015	1016	207
Fort Wayne	300	1210PM	1150	330
Columbia	337	100	1237AM	556
Warsaw	452	155	152	442
Plymouth	510	300	223	555
Valparaiso	635	417	415	724
Chicago	830	700	620	910

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp
Chicago	150AM	820AM	920PM	535PM
Valparaiso	537	959	1106	910
Plymouth	950	1125	1237AM	900
Warsaw	1020	1221PM	123	950
Columbia	1115	100	217	1029
Fort Wayne	1220PM	200	315	1115
Van Wert	208	302	430	1215AM
Lima	325	409	535	135
Forest	413	509	633	218
Upper Sandusky	514	553	718	322
Bucyrus	557	603	801	316
Crestline	630	635	830	340
	530AM	655	910	355
Mansfield	610	723	927	424
Wooster	651	753	1000	500
Orrville	715	918	1127	615
Massillon	916	950	1157	617
Canton	1002	1006	1215PM	703
Alliance	1045	1050	1255	805
Salem	1114	1120AM	125	833
Rochester	1255AM	1154PM	324	1005
Pittsburgh	155	210	410	1110

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2:30 p.m; New Castle, 4:00 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 6:00 p. m.—Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7:35 a. m.arr. at Youngstown, 10:45. N. Castle, 9:10 a. m; Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6:00 a. m; New Castle, 7:10 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny, 4:25 p. m; arrives New Castle, 7:05 p. m; Youngstown, 7:50 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agen.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after May 11, 1868, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	835AM	1210PM	.....	310PM
Euclid Street	846	1221	.....	321
Hudson	930	108	.....	505
Ravenna	1025	141	.....	547
Alliance	1120	223	.....	640
Bayard	1151	252	.....	....
Wellsville	1300PM	415	.....	....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	.....	Accom
Wellsville	850AM	335PM	.....	....
Bayard	1023	445	.....	....
Alliance	1120	540	.....	515AM
Ravenna	1208PM	547	.....	831
Hudson	1239	613	.....	910
Euclid Street	137	650	.....	1017
Cleveland	150	710	.....	1030

GOING EAST.

	Exp's	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Bellair	1120AM	610AM	220PM	....
Bridgeport	1130	625	240	....
Steubenville	1238PM	743	357	....
Wellsville	200	850	445	605AM
Smith's Ferry	230	913	507	635
Beaver	307	940	537	720
Rochester	315	950	550	730
Pittsburgh	425	1055	655	840

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Pittsburgh	600AM	130PM	435AM	330PM
Rochester	710	235	550	440
Beaver	720	000	600	450
Smith's Ferry	737	305	633	506
Wellsville	825	340	715	615
Steubenville	925	445	813	....
Bridgeport	1035	555	927	....
Bellair	1045	605	940	....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 650 a. m.	Bayard, 955, am
Bayard, 12:20, m.	N. Philadelphia 300pm

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

One of the Largest & Most Successful

WHOLESALE HAT HOUSES

In the old extensive and reliable House of

Wm. Flemming,

No. 139 Wood Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OUR GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT EASTERN PRICES, and will be found to compare in extent and variety with first class houses in New York. The stock consists of Men and Boys Fur and Wool Hats, Silk and Cassimere Hats, Men and Boys Caps, Men, Boys and Childrens Straw goods, Palm leaf Hats, Shaker Hoods, Sundowns, Ladies' and Misses Hats, Creamed and untrimmed. Country Merchants are invited to call and examine our Stock. [nov2'67:1y.

IRON CITY BELT WORKS.

Geo. O. Clarke & Co.

409 Liberty st.,

(OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of Patent Stretched, Cemented and Riveted

Oak-Tanned Leather Belting,

ALSO, AGENT FOR PATENT LACING LEATHER.

REFERENCES.

T. Perkins, Agt. Pitts. Loco. and Car Works,
A. French, Supt. Pitts. Cast Steel Spring Co.,
Wm. R. Porter, Supt. Pitts. Forge and Iron Co.,
Messrs. Martin, Brickell & Co., Pittsburgh,
Messrs. Lindsay & McCutcheon, Pittsburgh,
A. A. Barker, Esq., Ebensburg, Pa.
J. L. P. McAllister, Esq., Indiana, Pa.
Messrs. W. M. Faber & Co., Pitts. Pa.
J. R. Lindsay, Esq., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Geo. J. Rodgers, Esq., Ebensburg, Pa.

Orders Respectfully Solicited.

apr1'67:1y

1868. SPRING. 1868.

CARPETS!

M'CALLUM BROS.

51 Fifth Street,

Are now opening a very

LARGE STOCK

OF

VELVETS, BUSSELLS,

Three Ply, Two Ply.

AND

COMMON CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES

RUGS,

And every thing belonging to the

Carpet Trade.

M'CALLUM BROS.

51 Fifth Street,

PITTSBURGH.

ALL AROUND THE WORLD

THE FIRST PREMIUM

Of a Silver Medal

WAS AWARDED TO

BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE

By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 25, 1861.

BARRETT'S

Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

A. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors,

MANCHESTER, N. H.

Sold by J. MOORE, Beaver, Pa., and all Druggists and dealers in Medicines. mar18'68:1y.

SPEER'S

Port Grape Wine,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

ALSO

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSON FOR USE.

VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY

Speer's Port Grape Wine,

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country. Its invaluable,

TONIC AND STRENGTHENING PROPERTIES

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect,

A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine.
Females use Speer's Port Grape Wine.
Weakly persons find a benefit by its use.
Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

A Speer's Vineyard New Jersey. Office, No. 243 Broadway, New York. [oct16'67:1y.

The trade supplied by Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, and French Richards & Co., in Philadelphia, and by Geo. A. Kelly, and Fahnestock's in Pittsburgh, and other Wholesale Dealers.

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

G. L. EBERHART, Editor.

BEAVER, June 24, 1868.

[ALL COMMUNICATIONS FOR THIS DEPARTMENT OF THE PAPER, MUST BE ADDRESSED TO G. L. EBERHART, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.]

To Our Fellow-Teachers.

In order to add something to the interest and usefulness of our next County Institute, as well as to exert an influence which shall tend in some degree to promote the efficiency of the teacher's labors, we make the following offers, viz:

For the best Essay on English Grammer, we will give a copy of Worcester's Quarto Dictionary, the price of which is $10.

For the best Essay on Arithmetic, we will give a copy of Worcester's Universal and Critical Dictionary, the price of which is $5.

For the best Essay on Geography, we will give a copy of Worcester's Comprehensive Dictionary, the price of which is $2.

Teachers who intend to compete for these premiums must place them in our possesion two weeks before the next Institute convenes; and the successful competitors will be expected to read their essays before the Institute.

These premiums are of great value, and are works which every teacher should own and be familiar with. Worcester's Dictionaries are in all points equal, and in some, superior to Webster's.

It is well known that Webster had a great mania for changing the orthography of our language; and, indeed, went to such extremes in some instances as to place his changes beyond the approval of the most learned men both of this country and England.

In orthography and pronunciation, Worcester is undoubtedly superior to Webster; while, in etymology and definitions, he is certainly equal to the best lexicographers of the present century.

We hope the teachers of the county will take an active interest in this subject, and send in essays which shall not only reflect credit upon the authors of them, but which shall produce the most wholesome results in promoting the efficiency of the schoolroom labors of our profession.

Suggestions to Young Teachers.

II.

18. Do not evince a suspecting disposition toward a pupil, and never show that you are *watching* him, expecting he will do wrong.—Give him to feel that you have confidence in him, whether in your presence or absence.

19. Do not ridicule a pupil for any physical or other unavoidable defect—even dullness. Make allowance, rather. Make no reflections upon the circumstances of a pupil or his parents.

20. It is better to REQUEST than to COMMAND. A sensitive pupil, when ASKED, accedes more readily than when ORDERED.

21. Neither manifest a lack of confidence in your ability to govern, nor display a love for domineering or commanding.

22. Require only what is REASONABLE and necessary—then enforce your order to the letter. Do NOT THREATEN YOUR PUPILS.

23. Be certain that the pupil understands your request; after that do not repeat it. Require PROMPT obedience.

24. In the training of youth, a teacher is responsible not only for what he DOES, but but also for what he NEGLECTS to do.

25. The Teacher should when opportunity presents, direct his attention to the formation of right morals and proper principles of those under his charge. Learning in the possession of an unprincipled person is a dangerous weapon.

26. Let your arrangements and decisions be always conducted with a strict regard to impartiality, right and equicty. Be particular even in small matters: children are close observers in small things.

27. "The School is no place for a man without principle."

28. The Teacher, in or out of school, is considered by the pupil an example in language and conduct.

29. During a recitation, the attention of ALL should be engaged upon the lesson or subject under consideration.

30. When a pupil applies for assistance in any question, do not accomplish the whole yourself, neither send him away entirely unaided; but after he has studied the subject faithfully, present to him one or two of the leading principles involved, and then leave him to develope the matter himself. *Too much aid is sometimes worse than to little.*

31. Teachers should, before entering on their duties for the day, be thoroughly conversant with the subject of each lesson. A Teacher, while conducting a recitation, should never be obliged to refer to the book or map for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not the pupil is correct in his answer. Besides displaying a weakness on the part of the Teacher, there arises in the mind of the pupil the query—why should I study what my Teacher does not know?

The Teacher should first be well acquainted with the true answer to every question and the correct pronunciation of every word in the several lessons. It will be seen that many advantages attend this plan; the chief of which are, much time is saved the Teacher instructs with more facility and success, and the pupil, observing the familiarity of the Teacher with the several subjects, feels for him a greater respect.

32. In hearing a lesson, give the pupil time to answer when it appears he has the correct idea, and merely hesitates to find words to express himself; but when it is evident that he is ignorant of the answer, waiting is but a loss of time.

33. Be sure the pupil have gained IDEAS. Words without ideas clog rather than improve the mind.

Annie Selwyn; or, The Lost Ring.

Brightly stole the summer sunshine through the small windows that lighted the little apartment occupied by the widow Selwyn and her three children; but its rays did not fall upon a soft rich carpet, but upon a hard unpainted floor; yet they did not shine a whit the less cheerily, for all that. The room was plainly furnished; still taste was discernable in every arrangement. In one corner stood the neatly made bed, covered with its snow-white drapery; and under the small glass was an oaken table, polished so brightly that you could almost see the reflection of your face upon its smooth surface, and on it lay quite a number of prettily though not expensively bound books; while here and there might be seen a few articles of nice fancy work—such as tatted mats, clove, and card baskets, small shell pyramids; and over the mantel stood a porcelain vase of prettily arranged flowers. Two beautiful birds, which occupied a cage that hung before one of the windows, filled the whole apartment with their melodious warble, occasionally pausing as they flitted from side to side of their gilded prison-house, to peck and twirl the wires that impeded their flight, as though they would fain break from their durance and bathe their wings in their native element.

In a large easy chair sat a woman, who though sadly wasted by disease, still bore traces of more than ordinary beauty; while at a window, seated on a low stool, was a beautiful girl, apparently of some eighteen summers, plying her needle. Swiftly flew the small white fingers, as she wrought the many richly-colored flosses into the costly fabric before her, and bright buds and green leaves seemed to spring up at her touch, as though by enchantment. Occasionally a smile would dimple her fair face as she paused for a moment to admire the effect of the last touch, and then again she would bend to her task, if possible with greater alacrity than before.

"Annie, dear," said Mrs. Selwyn, who had been for some moments drowsing, but had now awakened, "sewing yet? I should think you would be weary; I fear you will make yourself sick, and then I don't know what would become of us. Your face is flushed, and your eyes look heavy; besides, you have eaten nothing since the morning, for there stands your dinner untasted upon the dresser. Do, child, lay by your work at once. It really troubles me to see you confine yourself so closely."

"Not quite yet, mother dear," replied Annie; just let me finish this one bud, and then the work is done, and I'm so glad, for I can take it to Mrs. Benson to-night, and it will be quite an agreeable surprise to her; for though she wanted it very much, she did not think it possible for me to complete it in so short a time."

The candle was lighted, and around the small table was seated Mrs. Selwyn and her two younger children—Letta a dark eyed girl of thirteen, and Charlie, a pale-faced boy of eleven.

"Past eight o'clock," said Mrs. Selwyn, as she cast an anxious glance at the old-fashioned time-piece that ticked upon the mantle, "and Anna not here yet. I do not know where she can be so late. Do, Letta dear, run to the street door, and see if she is anywhere in sight."

Letta had just risen to go, when Annie entered, her face all radiant with smiles; and without pausing to lay aside her hat and shawl, she said, as she seated herself.

"O, mother, you can't think how delighted Mrs. Benson was with my work! and she says she will give me sewing at her house for three long weeks, and only think what a help it would be to us. You should have that nice new wrapper which you have so long needed, and Letta should have a pair of shoes, and then the poor child would not have to be laughed at for wearing ragged ones, and Charles should have that nice little cap with bright buttons, which he has so long wanted."

"And what would you have, Annie?" said Mrs. Selwyn, as she gazed with a mother's pride upon the radiant face of the fair speaker.

"O, nothing; just now I'm not in want of anything."

"I'd rather go without the cap, Annie," said Charlie, as he raised his pale face from his geography, "than to have you go away."

"And I'll go without the shoes," chimed in Letta, "and I'll not care any more it the girls do laugh at me, if you will stay at home Annie, for we shall all be so dreadful lonesome."

"Take good care of mother, Letta," said Annie, as she lingered at the door, as she was about to leave for Mrs. Benson's "and be sure to show Charlie about his lessons, and do not let him go late to school; remember the birds, and dont let them go hungry, and look out puss does not get near enough to them to do them harm."

"O yes, Annie, I'll do everything just as you always have done," replied Letta, who felt highly pleased with the prospect of her newly acquired responsibilities, although she was unfeignedly sorry to have Annie leave home.

"Come home often, Annie," said Mrs. Selwyn, "for we shall be lonely—very lonely without you."

"Yes, mother, I will, two or three times in the week, perhaps, and then I shall be with you all day Sunday."

It was with a light heart that Annie, after having placed her band-box in the pleasant chamber allotted to her, seated herself at her sewing, and the thought of the comforts her exertions would bring to the loved ones at home, lent speed to her fingers, and busily indeed did she ply her needle.

"What beautiful girl is that sis, who sits sewing in the sitting-room?" said Walter Harrington to his sister, Mrs. Benson.

"Annie Selwyn," was the reply; "and she is as gentle and good as she is beautiful, and the most expert creature at her needle you ever saw. If I could but secure her services, I should think myself very fortunate, and if she will consent to stay with me, I shall dismiss Eveline."

Eveline, who was in the next room, heard these remarks unknown, and a malignant expression passed over her face as she murmered to herself: "We will see if I'm to be turned off for that pert little hussy! I'm as good as she is, and as sure as my name is Eveline Morse, I'll put a stop to this."

Annie knew nothing as yet of Mrs. Benson's intentions, still she felt there was something forbidding in Eveline's manner towards her; but what it was she could not tell.

Mrs. Benson stood before a table, carefully lifting each article from its place, while each moment the evident expression of concern upon her face deepened; and not finding the object she was in search of there, she commenced looking carefully about the carpet, moving divans, chairs, ottomans, but all to no purpose. At this moment she heard Eveline's well-known step in the hall, and she exclaimed:

"Eveline, Eveline, come here, child! can you tell me anything of my diamond ring? I'm quite sure that I took it off last night after my return from the opera, and placed it in the small box upon the table, and now it is nowhere to be found; do you not remember of seeing me do so?"

"O yes, madam, perfectly well; for I noticed particularly the brilliant rays reflected from it upon the table-cover as the light struck upon it."

"Well, you have been in the room the most of the morning; has any one else been in?"

"No, I believe not; but yes, now I remember that just as I came in, I met Annie Selwyn going out, and she said as I passed that she came down to look for a pattern that she lost, and asked me if I had seen it anywhere, and then she hurried up stairs, and the last I saw of her she was in her room sewing. But of course you cannot suspect her, for I do not think she would do such a thing if it was to save her from starving."

"Walter," said Mrs. Benson to her brother, who had just called in, "I have something of importance I would like to say to you, and I want it for the present to be strictly confidential. I have lost my diamond ring in a mysterious manner. I left it upon the table last night when I retired, and this morning it is missing, and I am quite sure that no one has been in the room but Eveline and Annie about the affair, she should have been made a public example, and I'm not sure but in the end it would have been better for her. She reminds me of the story of the viper that turned and stung the hand of the one who had kindly nourished it. Now, pray do cheer up, Ellen dear, and think no more about the girl, for she is unworthy of your thoughts."

"Well, God grant that her innocence may yet be proved," said Mrs. Benson, as she sighed heavily, and then relapsed into her former musing mood.

Weeks came and went, but they brought no token for good to the stricken heart of Annie Selwyn; but each day the shadow rested darker around her path.

"Mr. Harrington," said a little boy who had long resided in the family of Mr. Benson, addressing Mrs. Benson's brother Walter, "I have something I want to tell you, and so I followed you into the garden. I have thought I would tell you a good many times, but have not dared to; but last week when Mrs. Benson sent me to carry some patterns to Annie Selwyn—you know her Mr. Harrington, the girl who sewed at the house—she came to the door when I knocked, and O, how she looked, so white and thin! and when she spoke to me her voice was so low and sad that it made the tears come into my eyes, and I had to hurry away without speaking, for my throat swelled and swelled, so that I could not say a word; and when I got away where there couldn't anybody see me, O, how I cried! and then my throat didn't ache any more, and that day I made up my mind that I would tell you all the first chance I could get."

"Well, my boy, go on," said Walter as he laid his hand caressingly upon his head, and smoothed his dump, dark locks. "Come into the summer-house, and then we shall be out of sight, and don't be afraid to tell me all."

"Well then," said the boy, "you know while Annie Selwyn was here, Mrs. Benson lost her diamond ring and it was found in her purse, and so all the folks believed she stole it. Well that morning—are you quite sure there's no one to hear me, Mr. Harrington?—as I passed her room door, which stood open, I saw Miss Eveline bending over her bandbox, and when she found that I saw her, her face at first was mighty pale, and then red, and as she came towards me, a small green purse dropped from her hand, and a ring rolled out of it upon the floor. She picked it up quick, and then said:

"Henry, if you won't tell what you have seen, I'll give you this silver half dollar; come promise me now, that's a good boy."

"I don't want the money, said I, and I guess I shan't promise; for I never did much like Eveline, she was so spiteful.

"Well do as you please, Master Henry,' said she looking at me so ugly with her great black, staring eyes that it quite frightened me; 'but if you dare to tell I'll be the means of your leaving this house, and that ain't all.'

"This made me afraid not to promise, and so I did; and when I heard the servants say that Annie Selwyn had stolen the ring, I thought if I was only to tell what I knew it might help to prove that she did not steal it, and I knew I ought to, but somehow I could not find courage; but the other day when I saw her looking so altered, it made me think all about how kind she was to me, just as gentle as if she had been my sister, and I made up my mind to tell everything I knew, about the ring, in spite of Miss Eveline."

"I am sorry that you did not come to this determination before." But you may go now, and mind that you do not breathe a word of this to any one, until called upon, and then do not be afraid, but relate the story as you have told me, and I assure you no harm shall come to you, my boy."

"O, Walter! Walter!" cried Mrs. Benson, when he had related to her the conversation that had passed between himself and Henry, "only to think what that poor girl has suffered! I will call Eveline at once, and make her confess all. Heaven be praised, it is not too late to make restitution, in part, to poor Annie Selwyn!"

Consternation was written upon Eveline's every feature, as Henry proceeded, at the request of Mrs. Benson, to relate the facts in regard to the ring; and the girl, seeing no chance for escape, at once owned her guilt, and the motives that induced her to commit the heartless deed.

The lamp burned dimly in the apartment of the widow Selwyn, and its flickering rays fell upon the pale face of the mother, who was hanging over the bed on which Annie was lying, tossing from side to side, and occasionally moaning piteously.

"Mother," she at length said, "what is to become of us? I heard you tell Letta you was burning your only candle, and that your last stick of wood was upon the fire. Besides you had but a fourpenny loaf of bread in the house.

"This is all true, Annie; but I comfort myself with the thought that our Heavenly Father 'suffereth not even a sparrow to fall to the ground without his notice;' and does he not still 'temper the wind to the shorn lamb?' I verily believe this, and I will trust him though he hides His face from me."

"Your words sound very sweet and cheering to me, mother," replied Annie, as she turned upon her pillow and closed her eyes, and in a few moments was in a gentle slumber.

A gentle tap at the door soon called Mrs. Selwyn from her post, and hastening to open it, before her stood Mrs. Benson and Walter Harrington.

"Is Annie Selwyn within?" was the inquiry that greeted her.

"She is," was the response of Mrs. Selwyn, as she pointed towards the bed. Mrs. Benson's heart was full. As she bent over the emaciated form of Annie, and stood gazing silently upon the pale face before her, she suddenly unclosed her eyes, and looking steadily at Mrs. Benson for a moment, she extended her hand and a sweet smile played over her countenance as she exclaimed:

"It is indeed Mrs Benson! O this is very very kind of you!"

For some moments Mrs. Benson's tears fell thick and fast upon the little thin and almost transparent hand, resting so confidently in her own, and at length she said:

"Annie, will you, can you forgive me all the bitter injustice I have unintentionally done you? Many and many a sleepless night have I spent since the unhappy affair in regard to my diamond ring, thinking of you; and if ever I raised a grateful prayer to God, it was that hour that brought proof of your perfect innocence."

Readily did Annie extend forgiveness to Mrs. Benson; and as Walter Harrington sat a silent and unseen listener to the words that fell from Annie Selwyn's lips he brushed the tears from his eyes ever and anon, for he had never witnessed so holy and touching a display of Christian humility and forbearance.

The widow's prayer that night was as a song of praise; and words would be inadequate to describe the secret happiness that was nestling in the silent depths of Annie Selwyn's heart.

Firm and unchanging was the friendship that Mrs. Benson now felt for the sewing girl humble and unpretending as she was; and it was among the happiest moments of her life when Walter Harrington claimed her as his wife, and took her to his own beautiful home—the home that was now to afford a refuge for Mrs. Selwyn, Letta and Charlie; and whenever Annie reverted to the disappearance of the diamond ring, and the train of circumstances connected with it, she would recall her mothers words: "Annie, my child, trust in God; there may yet be light behind the cloud."

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to TEN lines of this type measured a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged *twenty* ten cents a line for each insertion.

Marriage and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another whenever it is desirable to do so.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., June 24, 1868.

FOR PRESIDENT,

Ulysses S. Grant.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

Schuyler Colfax.

Presidential Electors.

AT LARGE.

G. MADISON COATES, of Philadelphia.
THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburg.

District.	District.
1. W. H. Barnes,	13. Samuel Snow,
2. W. J. Pollock,	14. B. F. Wagonseller,
3. Richard Wildey,	15. Chas. H. Miller,
4. C. W. Hill,	16. George W. Elder,
5. W. P. McGill,	17. John Stewart,
6. J. H. Bringhurst,	18. A. G. Olmstead,
7. Frank C. Heaton,	19. James Sill,
8. Isaac Eckert,	20. H. C. Johnson,
9. Morris Hooper,	21. J. K. Ewing,
10. David M. Rand,	22. Wm. Frew,
11. Wm. Davis,	23. A. W. Crawford,
12. W. W. Ketchum,	24. J. S. Rutan.

Republican State Ticket.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
GEN. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

SURVEYOR GENERAL.
GEN. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,
MICHAEL WEYAND.
(Subject to decision of District Conference.)
FOR ASSEMBLY,
THOMAS NICHOLSON.
(Subject to decision of District Conference.)
FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
J. R. HARHAH.
FOR COMMISSIONER,
DAVID W. SCOTT.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
S. A. DICKEY.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
JOHN SLENTZ.
FOR AUDITOR,
WILLIAM THOMAS.
FOR CORONER,
WILLIAM BARNES.
FOR TRUSTEES OF ACADEMY,
SAMUEL MAGAW,
RICHEY EAKIN.

GEN. GRANT is supported by every illustrious soldier in the Union—Sherman, Meade, Sheridan, Sickles, Geo. H. Thomas, Hooker, Pleasanton, McDowel, Canby, Emory, Schofield, Mower, Ord, Halleck, Kilpatrick, Logan, Rawlins, and a host of volunteer Generals.

ONE of the delegates at large from Tennessee to the copperhead convention in New York on the 4th of July, is the rebel General Forest of Fort Pillow notoriety. When men of his stripe are put forward as leading spirits in the first National Convention of the Democratic party after the war, loyal Democrats should pause before going any further with that organization. If it was tainted with treason before, the connection of Forest and his confederates with it now should make it a stench in the nostrils of all Union men.

THE cops of this county at their convention of a few weeks ago adopted a resolution denouncing the registry law passed by our Legislature last winter. Persons desirous of knowing why they did this can have their minds enlightened by studying an article on this page entitled "The Pennsylvania Frauds." The frauds there referred to, and clearly proven, enabled the cops to carry Pennsylvania last fall, and that they should kick against not being allowed opportunities to repeat these criminal acts is not strange, nor should their denunciations of the law have any other effect than that of making it draw tighter and tighter.

FOUR YEARS AGO, after George B. McClellan had been nominated as the Democratic candidate for President against Abraham Lincoln, the Democracy were exultant, defiant, and apparently united, and more than one Republican allowed himself to despond. General McClellan had advantages that can enure to no rebel-Democratic candidate in the present campaign. He had a party in the army and inherited all the old tricks of the party leaders who had selected him. Besides Abraham Lincoln had many strong adversaries in the Republican ranks. But when the final conflict came the people settled the question by a majority which, overwhelming as it was, will be exceeded by that thrown for Grant and Colfax in November.

THE *Sun*, the rebel paper at Columbus, Georgia, which exulted over the murder of Ashburn by the members of the Democratic Association, uttered the following the day before receiving the news of the nomination of General Grant:

We do not know who will be nominated; we do not care, but whoever the unhappy wretch may be, he will never wear Presidential laurels.

Neither treason, repudiation, nor assassination, will prevent the fulfilment of the national determination to elect the Republican candidate for President.

THE Democratic party at the present time is in a peculiar condition. It looks forward to the 4th of July convention with mingled hope and fear—hope that something lucky will turn up, and fear that the elements of discord known to exist in its ranks will cause their Convention to break up in a grand row. It will be the hardest thing imaginable for them to unite either upon principles or candidates. There is Brick Pomeroy, who wants the whole government debt repudiated, and there is Mr. Belmont, who wants it paid. There is Pendleton, who would pay it in greenbacks, or not at all, and Seymour, who is opposed to anything which Pendleton advocates. There is Hancock, who helped to hang Mrs. Surratt, and the Catholic Church which declares that execution a brutal murder of an innocent woman. Hancock won all the distinction he has by fighting against the rebels, and to him comes Mr. Vallandigham, the champion of the peace party who protests against the nomination of a Lincoln hireling. A dozen factions are in battle array. Each trying to cut the throat of the other, and if their National Convention has the effect of reconciling these, and inducing them to pull together as a whole, we shall be greatly surprised, but in no sense doubtful but that Grant and Colfax will sweep the field.

IF the Democracy desire a candidate that will *run* well, let them put up any one of the thousand of draft-sneaks who put for the Canada border when the first call was made for volunteers. They can't be beat for speed and bottom.

PRESIDENT Johnson is in the veto business again. On the 20th he sent a message to the House of Representatives vetoing "a bill entitled an act to admit the State of Arkansas to representation in Congress." For two years past he has been clamoring to have Southern representatives admitted; now when Congress opens the door and tells them to step in, he slams it shut in their faces.

On Monday last however, the bill was passed by both Houses of Congress over the veto. The Representatives from that State, will therefore be sworn in, in a day or two at the farthest.

A NEW indictment has been found against John H. Surratt. The first count charges that he, Booth, Paine, Harold, O'Laughlin Arnold, Atzerott, and Mrs. Surratt conspired to murder Abraham Lincoln. The second count accuses him of conspiring, to capture Mr. Lincoln and deliver him as a prisoner into the possession, custody, and control of certain persons, whose names are unknown to the Grand Jury.

His trial will probably not take place for some weeks to come, and he is now released from confinement on bail for his appearance to answer these charges when called upon.

HON. WM. M. EVARTS, a distinguished New York lawyer and one of President Johnson's attornies in the impeachment trial, has been nominated for United States Attorney General. It is quite likely that the Senate will confirm the appointment. Mr. Evarts has heretofore been a Republican in politics, and only one year ago he was among those who handled A. J. in the roughest possible manner. What effect a cabinet appointment will have upon his political views remains to be seen.

The Copperhead proposition to collect the rebel and sympathizing prisoners of Fort Lafayette, Fort McHenry, and Fort Delaware, and make them a feature at the Democratic National Convention on the 4th of July might be happily supplemented by the gathering at the same place of the Union men, including Union soldiers and Southern patriots who were thrown into dens and jails by the rebels and compelled to suffer inconceivable horrors, simply because they had fought for and believed in the cause of liberty. The contrast would be interesting, as a historical picture, though it could not fail to be unprofitable to the rebel Democracy.

WHEN the Democratic Convention in New York on the 4th of next month resolve that the bonds should be paid in greenbacks, we hope they will not forget to say in what the greenbacks should be paid. The American people are not so stupid as not to understand that paper money is good for nothing without it is going to be redeemed. If every dollar of greenbacks does not represent a dollar in gold, what is the greenback worth? The Democratic idea is to set the printing press at work grinding out greenbacks. He is a stupid man who does not understand that the more you have, of them the less they are worth.

We hope the convention will not fail to say how the unlimited batch of greenbacks it proposes to issue is going to be redeemed.—*Pitts. Gom.*

SOME of our cop friends are pretty candid now and then. A prominent one of Bridgewater a few days ago was clamoring loudly in favor of the redemption of the Government bonds with greenbacks. A radical asked him how many dollars in greenbacks it would take to accomplish that feat. The Democrat didn't know, but supposed about two billions. The radical then inquired what this enormous amount of greenbacks was to be redeemed with. "The truth is" said the Democrat, "we dont propose to redeem them at all." "We were opposed to the war in the first place, and we are in favor now of disowning all the obligations incurred to carry it on." "If we can pay the bonds off in greenbacks and the greenbacks become worthless, our object will be accomplished. We will then be satisfied." Union men! make a note of this admission.—The Democrats propose first to swindle the *bondholders*. After that is accomplished their next move is to cheat the *people* by repudiating the great volume of paper money with which they have flooded the country. Flank them in these villainous and disloyal purposes by electing Grant and Colfax.

THE Democratic party are unfortunate in trying to make a show of generals. Of eighteen generals and colonels who signed the call for the Conservative Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, it turns out that but four are entitled to wear the rank they assume. The rest were either of a lower rank when they left the service early in the war, or had been discharged for the public good, or had never been in the service at all. Yet "on this Convention," says the *World*, "we shall see, not the prosperous sutlers and schemers of the National Army, but the battle-scarred, war-worn campaigners of the East and West," &c. We would be glad to know more of these Conservative Generals Donahue, Lane, McQuade, Knipe, Maulsby, Parkhurst, Gorman, Bragg, Lawrence, Zatick, Allback, Dickey, and McFarland. Are these the war-worn veterans compared with whom the supporters of Grant, like Sherman, Thomas, Sheridan, Schofield, Howard, Meade, Canby, Hooker, Burnside, Logan, Palmer, Cox, Geary, Terry, Ord, Rawlins, Wilson, Fairchild, Sickles, and so many others, are carpet knights, prosperous sutlers, or schemers of the National Army? If the Democratic party would summon its "veterans to the front," let it not confine itself to those officers who, in the Union ranks, aided the Rebel cause, nor be squeamish in uttering the names of the real generals who fought for Democratic principles. They are Lee, Beauregard, Johnson, Braxton Bragg, and the like. For years the platform of the Democratic party declared that, in any conflict between Federal and State authority, it was the right of the State to judge for itself both of the merits of the conflict and the means and measures of redress. This was Democratic doctrine. For this these men fought. If the Democratic party wants to bring its "veterans to the front," there they are. Why rake up from their obscurity the discarded failures who pretended to be fighting in the cause of Republicanism, Union and Emancipation?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Pennsylvania Frauds.

The XXIst Senate District of Pennsylvania embraces the counties of Blair, Huntingdon, Center, Mifflin, Perry, and Juniata, and is entitled to two Senators.

An election was held in this district on the second Tuesday of October, 1867, and Chas. J. T. McIntire, Democrat, was returned as elected by 233 majority, and Samuel J. Shugart by 22 majority. John K. Robinson contested the election of Shugart.

The Senate, after a full investigation by a Select Committee and the examination of a large number of witnesses, declared Robinson duly elected, and admitted him to the seat occupied by Shugart. The whole testimony in the case is published in the Legislative Record for the session of 1868, from page 1,397 to 1,440 inclusive.

It is proven conclusively that the leaders of the Democratic party not only planned and perpetrated a deliberate fraud upon the ballot-box in this district, but that they pre-arranged a system of fraudulent naturalization papers, extending through other counties of the State.

A railroad sixteen miles long was being built during the Summer and Fall of 1867, in Clearfield and Center counties. From forty to sixty rods only of the road was in Center county. About 400 Irishmen were employed on the road, and boarded in shanties along the line, except during the time they were taken into Center county in order to carry the election in that Senate District. Senators were to be elected in the Center District, but not in the Clearfield. The following testimony, copied from the official record of the Legislature, shows how the fraud was perpetrated, and who did it:

CONTESTED ELECTION.

In the Senate of the State of Pennsylvania.

John K. Robinson vs. Samuel T. Shugart—XXIst Senatorial District. *Legislative Record: Session 1868, pages 1406-7.*

JANUARY 23, 1868.—Committee met, all the members present;

M. O'Meara, sworn—I was working for Mr. Collins, railroad contractor, on the railroad; I was not pit boss; had from 10 to 20 men under me at times; Patrick Gorman was walking boss; I was working four miles from Clearfield, east, twelve miles from the line, when James Collins and Patrick Gorman came to me and said they wanted to go to Center County for ten days, saying their object was to carry the election; they said it was a Republican hole, and they intended running in enough votes to carry it; I took the men to Center County; Col. Skelly's gang also went; all that were at work went; the men east of me went; in and around Phillipsburg there were about 100 men the day of election; they were quartered at Mr. Keplar's, Mr. Gray's, Mr. Harris's, and Mr. Donahue's; I was in Phillipsburg all day, most of the time at the polls; the polls are in the same building; I gave two men Democratic tickets; Sheriff Perks and Mr. Lede distributed tickets; Lede was a walking boss on the road; I saw them giving the tickets; Sheriff Perks borrowed a sheet of tickets from me to have others printed; the tickets were all Democratic; about all that were on the ground voted; all had naturalization papers; obtained them, as was said, in Luzerne County; this one on the table is similar to those used; the were colored; the men said they obtained or arranged for the papers two miles out of Clearfield, on Saturday evening before the election, in a shanty kept by Mrs. Lynch; they said two lawyers came from Philadelphia, and after they sworn Lede took possession of the papers, and that he colored them with coffee; the day of the election the men were handed the papers: Mr. Lede at the same time furnished the tax receipt [a receipt shown witness, and identified as similar to those used; I did nothing while in Phillipsburg; I did not vote; I saw all vote that I named. I had no Republican tickets.

Cross-examined—I never agreed to vote my men on the Republican side; never said for $100 I would do so; I received money the day before election for M. *Chrisman*, $25, of Mr. Johnson, day after, $60, of Sheriff Perks $15; I received of Rev. Father Tracy $500. * * * The $500 was given me two weeks ago last Tuesday to prevent my being a witness. * * * The priest came and told me that my evidence would be hard against the Democratic party, and that he had $500 he would give me if I would leave. * * * I told the priest that I would take my family and go for $2,000; Father Tracy told me he would let me know in a few days, and when he next met the priest told me that he had written for advice, and that Wallace thought that $100 per month was enough; I supposed it was Wallace, the Clearfield County lawyer; I told the priest I would take $500. * * * The men voted in borough and township; Michael Fallon and one other were in the county but a short time; the men told me that Lede took the two lawyers to Tyrone; the men went back to Clearfield County, after the election, where they lived in shanties; but fifty or sixty rods of the road is in Center County; all the voters were challenged at the polls.

[Page 1,409.]

H. Hunter, sworn—I am assessor of Phillipsburg borough; was in 1867; I placed forty-two names on the list; fourteen, only, before the day of election; I done so at the request of Mr. Lede.

Frank Fleming, sworn—I live in Phillipsburg; lived there October, 1867; was bar-tender for John H. Gray; about the 25th or 30th of September, some twenty or twenty-five Irishmen were brought there to board; I have seen the men before, along the Clearfield Railroad; a few days after, more were brought; just before the election, about thirty men, Irish, were at Gray's tavern; I voted at the October, 1867, election; I saw Mark Lede bring a party of sixty, up to vote; some of them voted while I was there; there were Irishmen at Keplar's and Loyd's, that I know worked along the road; my brother clerked for James Collins; a few days after the election, the men left our tavern, and in a short time were back in Clearfield County.

Cross-examined—I cannot tell the number that voted.

J. B. Williams, sworn—I live in Phillipsburg, I know that men were brought two weeks before the election from Clearfield County, and set to work in Center County; they were quartered at Loyd's, Keplar's, Gray's, and Riddle's; think some of the men were quartered in the townships; seventy-five to eighty were the number brought over as regarded by several; I was at the polls the greater part of the day, the men were brought to the polls by Mr. Lede generally; they came in two different directions; he always went to meet them; the two polls are in the same building and room; most of the votes were objected to at both polls, the men generally swearing; they all had naturalization papers; Mr. Lede vouched for them; Lede worked a while in Center County before the election; I saw one or two naturalization papers; they were colored; had on resemble stamps that were not colored and had no seal; when objection was made, the men said they obtained the papers from Mr. Collins; Mr. Lede would then say that Mr. Collins had always kept the men's papers; the road in Clearfield County was graded in the Spring; that in Center County was not commenced until a short time before the election; I did not see any one at the polls active, meeting the men, but Lede; did not see Mr. O'Meara acting so, or distributing tickets.

G. H. Zeigler, sworn—I was Inspector at the October, 1867, election in Phillipsburg; live there, and am well acquainted; know a few of the Irishmen on the Clearfield Railroad; a short time before the election, about eighty-five Irishmen were brought into the borough; boarded at Gray's and Loyd's; they came some six or seven days before the election; thirty or thirty-five of them voted in the borough; Mr. Lede brought nearly all the men to vote; they all had naturalization papers; I objected to their voting on them; all but two or three of them were sworn; for the reason that my challenge was not sustained by the judge and the inspector, I toward evening thought it useless, as the votes would be taken, and there was no swearing any more of them; I told one man he could not vote after saying he had been nine months in the State; he went out and came back, saying he was mistaken, and he understood me to ask how long he had been in the county; he then said he was in two or three years; another said he was 19 years old; I handed him back his naturalization papers and tax receipt and he left; he did not vote; the papers were all dated September 23, 1866, Luzerne County, issued by Mr. Philbin.

[Page 1,410.]

JANUARY 22, 1868, 9 a. m.—The Committee met, members all present.

M. Crisman, sworn—I was clerk at the October (1867) election, in Phillipsburg; about 10 or 12 days before the election a number of Irishmen were brought to Loyds, Gray's and Keplars; they came from the branch road at Clearfield; a majority of them voted at the borough election; Mr. Lede and Mr. O'Meara brot them; they voted on naturalization papers; they said they came from Luzerne County; they were dated September, 1866, at least a majority of them were; the colored one on the table is similar to those used; I kept a list of the papers, and the last I saw of it was when I went to supper; over 80 voted on their naturalization papers in the borough; the question as to when and where the papers were obtained was always evaded.

[Page 1,411.]

John Casey, sworn—I was working on the railroad for Mr. *Collins* (the October (1867) election; was boarding in Phillipsburg, where I voted with the colored men; Mr. Lede took me up to vote and gave me the naturalization paper, and I put it in; cannot read; am as ignorant as a beate; I put the paper in my pocket; cannot tell what became of it; I was never naturalized; never was in a court before this; Lede told me to vote, I was working near Mr. Collin's store; came the day that O'Meara did to Phillipsburg; I voted Democratic.

[*Note.*—This witness on his return to Clearfield County was waylaid and beaten with clubs, so that he died from his wounds. The Governor issued a proclamation offering a reward for the detection of the murderers.]

JANUARY 23, 1868.—Committee met. Members all present.

Robert Loyd, sworn—I am hotel-keeper in Phillipsburg; a short time before the October (1867) election, 16 Irishmen came from Clearfield County to board with me; they came September 26; have the time in this book, also the names. * * * These men all staid until after the election; I saw one or two of these men vote; a few of them left the night of the election; two staid after the 12th; the balance left the 12th; Irishmen were stopping at other places, Keplar's and Gray's. I saw two or three of the men's naturalization papers; they purported to come from Luzerne County, dated 1866; the papers were new, but looked as they had been placed in dirty water to make them look old.

Silas Hale, sworn—I live in Rush township; lived there October, 1867; I live one-half mile below Phillipsburg; about 25 Irishmen were quartered in the township before the election; three were at Maynard's or Laird's, 12 at Harris's, and 12 at Donehue's; they came September 30, 1867, and three or four days after election they were gone; Mr. Lede brought these men to the polls; I was there; challenged some of these men.

[Page 1,412.]

HARRISBURG, Jan. 29, 1868, 9 a. m.—Committee met. Members present, Senators Landon, Fisher, Cowles, Ridgway, Jackson and Linderman.

Robert Fleming, sworn.—I was clerk for Mr. Collins on the railroad; about ten or twelve days before the election I was taking their time on the side next the Clearfield Creek, 11 miles from Phillipsburg; while in Clearfield County, Col. Skelly's and M. O'Meara's gangs were under my supervision; they numbered about 35 men and women; September 25, moved to Phillipsburg; the move was unexpected and sudden to me; I went around every day among the men; at noon the boss told me the men were going; the provisions were hauled back to the offices and the work left unfinished; the nearest shanty on the Clearfield side was one-half mile from the work in Center county; while the men were at Phillipsburg, no one boarded at this (Kennedy's) shanty, from the work in Center County; there was little difference in the distance from it or the hotel where the men boarded.

Wm. R. Fulton, sworn.—I live in Phillipsburg; am a civil engineer; about ten days before the election I was boarding at Keplar's; left October 15; I roomed with Mark Lede, a walking boss; I saw in possession and suspected him of having naturalization papers; on Sunday morning before the election I observed Lede open his trunk, take out a package and put it in his pocket; on Monday he did the same, and laid the lid down and laid some papers on the top, and left the room; I got out of bed and examined them; they were naturalization papers from Luzerne County; were the color of the one on this table, and dated September, 1866; Lede said he had 57 on his side for borough and township; James Collins told me the men were brought to Phillipsburg from Clearfield to vote; never heard him say who would pay the men's expenses; the papers used were the same kind that I saw in Lede's room.

[Page 1,414.]

David F. Copeland, sworn.—I live in Clearfield County, two miles from Phillipsburg; the shanty Mrs. Lynch occupied, October 1867, is on my land; Kennedy's shanty is one-half mile from the 40 rods of work; the bridge at Muelmanon is one-half mile from Mrs. Lynch's; I know the Irishmen near the were, 12 days before the election, taken to Phillipsburg; while those men were at Phillipsburg there were none at Mrs. Lynch's shanty or Kennedy's shanty; on the Saturday before the election I saw Mr. Lede and a stranger at my place; Lede said they were going to Mrs. Lynch's; it was about 8 o'clock; never saw the stranger before or since; I would have known him had he been a citizen; I have lived there ten years; about five days after the election I saw men coming back to Clearfield County.

Wm. R. Fulton, recalled.—Jane Moore was cook at Keplar's, October, 1867; on Friday the stranger that Lede took away came to Keplar's; Jane Moore was cooking there at the time; Mr. Keplar is a Democrat; was a candidate for the Legislature last Fall.

[Page 1,415.]

Jane Moore, sworn.—I was cooking at Keplar's Hotel previous to the October (1867) election; Mr. Lede boarded there; Mr. Lede came out Friday evening and asked me if I would make him a pint of coffee; I made a peach can full for him; I took it into the dining-room and gave it to him; there were two strangers with him; this was after supper; the table was cleared up; Mr. Lede had had his supper; don't know what he done with the coffee; I did not put any milk or sugar in it, he did not ask for it; never saw the strangers except at breakfast; they went away Sunday morning with Mr. Lede.

[Page 1,416.]

E. W. Hale, sworn.—I live in Rush township, near Phillipsburg; I was at the October (1867) election; I saw Mr. Lede bringing up laborers from the railroad to vote in Rush township; I counted 30 men; saw them vote; I presume there was 25; I was not at the polls all the time; I challenged some of the votes; with the exception of Patrick Redeem, no attention was paid to my challenge; their votes were received; they voted on naturalization papers from Luzerne County; the papers looked like this yellow one on the table; the men were not sworn, with one exception; the board were all Democrats; from six to eight would vote in about the same time as I could myself; this was the first gang.

FEBRUARY 4, 1868, 7½ p. m.—Committee met. Members present, Senators Cowles, Fisher, Ridgway, Jackson and Linderman.

Benj. Hughes, sworn.—I reside in Scranton, Third Ward, Luzerne County; I have lived there 17 years, four or five in the Third Ward, and have served as clerk at election; understood that false naturalization papers were being circulated freely in Luzerne County, and I got Thomas Reese, a Welshman, who had been 11 months in the country, to go to Sheffield Reynolds, justice of the peace; I told him to go and tell him how long he had been in the country; this paper he brought me; Reynolds is a Democratic politician.

Thomas Reese, sworn.—Mr. Hughes sent me to Squire Reynolds for a naturalization paper; I have been 11 months in the country; I asked him if I could have a naturalization paper to vote for Clymer; he said yes; I told him how long I had been in the country; he said I could get one, and many more like me could if they wanted them; he gave me the paper, charging me $1; the paper Reynolds gave me I took to Mr. Hughes; this one on the table looks like it; I can't read.

Cross-examined.—I never voted in this country; never tried to vote on this paper; I was not acquainted with Squire Reynolds; he is a smaller man than myself; I went alone and saw him; wrote my name in the paper; did not see him seal it; I gave the paper to Mr. Hughes the Saturday before the election, the day I got it.

A naturalization paper, purporting to be issued at Wilkesbarre, August 23, 1867, in name of Thomas Reese, was offered in evidence by contestant and objected to by the respondent; same paper and seal as those read at Philipsburg.

J. E. Fordham, sworn.—I was inspector of election in the Second Ward, Scranton; I have one paper, Dominick Gillespie, signed and sealed; he offered to vote at the election, and was asked where he got the paper; he said Squire Reynolds gave it to him; I asked him if he went to Wilkesbarre; he said not, that the papers were brought to him.

[Page 1417-8.

James Rushton, sworn.—I live in Scranton; was Judge of Election, October, 1867, (VIIIth Ward); I received three illegal naturalization papers; these are the papers, bearing the Prothonotary's seal and signatures; I swore each of the men; Patrick McCaliff swore that he had got his papers at Hyde Park, of Squire Reynolds, and paid $2; he was born in Ireland; came to this country in 1851; Martin Rodde said he got his papers at Wilkesbarre; could not give any further; said he was born in Ireland; came in 1861; William B. Dugan said he got his papers at Carbondale, in the Mayor's Court; he sent for them by Frank Collins.

The naturalization papers were offered in evidence and filed.

Witness produced 12 naturalization papers, signed M. J. Philbin, with the County seal; they were brot to the Republican County Committee by different ones.

Cross-examined—I cannot tell the particular persons who gave me a part of these blanks; they were brought in previous to the October (1867) election I was present when a part of the blanks were brought in; I saw 20 or 30 more; I have no doubt but that the County seal on the blanks is genuine; these blanks purport to be signed by the Clerk.

James Slocum, sworn—I live in Scranton, Luzerne County; I was there in 1866; I have seen false naturalization papers; took them to Mr. Hoyt; I live in East Wyoming; I have seen from 100 to 200; some were in blank, and others filled up.

[Page 1,418.]

WILKESBARRE, Luzerne County, Feb. 7, 9 a. m., 1868—Committee met in Prothonotary's office. Members present: Landon, Cowles, Fisher, Taylor, Jackson, and Linderman.

M. B. Feltner, sworn—I am clerk in the Prothonotary's office of Luzerne County; Mr. Philbin, the Prothonotary, is absent; he came into office December, 1864; I hereby produce the naturalization docket for April, May, and August term for 1866, have no other record for 1866.

The certified copy of voters in Rush township, and the 83 names who voted in Phillipsburgh borough on naturalization papers were compared with this record, and none of the names found on it.

Rev. Thomas Tracy, sworn—I paid Michal O'Meara five hundred dollars a short time before this case commenced; I gave him the money in his own house in the evening, about a week or two before the assembling of the Legislature; he was to leave the State and remain out three months for the five hundred dollars; Mr. Gorman, boss of Collins, gave me the money to give him; the man who gave me the money was the only one who had any knowledge of the transaction, as far as I know; I had correspondence with Mr. Wallace on the subject of O'Meara's leaving the state; the only stipulation was that he should remain away three months; I understood it was for him to be gone until after the trial.

[Page 1,445.]

William Snyder, sworn—I am a civil engineer; I am one of the assistant engineers on the Tyrone and Clearfield Railroad; July 23 and Aug. 29, the work was staked out; the first section west of Phillipsburg was staked; the part in Center County was ready Aug. 19; there are no swamps in that part in Center County; the work could have been done at any time; the swamp is on the Clearfield County side; there is a shanty 3,500 feet from the end of the line; there is a small portion of the land a little swampy; the shanty is quite convenient; the next one is one mile from the work; the distance to the shanties is nearer than to Philipsburg.

Thus were the laborers along this railroad moved from their shanties in Clearfield County (which are quite as convenient to their work as the hotels in Center County, to which they were taken), and furnished with fraudulent naturalization papers to defeat the will of the qualified voters of a Senatorial District.

Similar frauds were perpetrated in Philadelphia, as proven in Court on a contest over the election of City officers.

To prevent like frauds in the future and secure fair elections by the legal and duly qualified voters, a law was enacted at the last session of the Legislature, providing for a registry of the voters before the day of election, so as to ascertain who are legally entitled to vote.

This law was opposed by every Democrat in the Legislature; as that party has everywhere of late opposed every attempt to exclude fraudulent votes, and thus secure fair and honest elections.

Grant and the World.

Great men are always conspicuous marks for slander and depreciation; but even their enemies at times are forced to acknowledge their greatness. The *World*, for instance, said yesterday:

Gen. Grant's position is above the reach of calumny. Calumny leveled at him would recoil upon the calumniator. No Democratic journal, however vigorously opposing Gen. Grant's election, will be so foolish or so unjust as to calumniate him.

For The Argus.

Virtues and Vices of Party.

11th. What party was it, when the dark cloud of treason and rebellion was shrouding this nation with gloom and dismay, and chilling the hearts blood of every patriot in the land, that gave all their power, influence and energy to fill up the army by giving sons, fathers, husbands and brothers in the name of their God and country; and bidding them God speed in saving the government, and cheered and sustained them at all times and in all places where it was possible to have access to them.

11th. What party is that dark period of the war, discouraged and opposed enlistment and the draft with might and main; their papers and speakers counseling resistance to the same, encouraging desertion murdering and mobbing the officers who were lawfully endeavoring to discharge their duties, by notifying the drafted or arresting deserters, and counciling and aiding the flight of all deserters, and left their homes and encouraged their sons and neighbors to leave for Canada or other places to escape the draft; and when the rebel army was invading our State and about to capture our capitol they raised the standard of revolt in the city of New York by jobbing, murdering and burning the property of innocent persons, thus inviting the rebel army to approach, as much as saying we are ready to aid you.

12th. What party recognizes the recent war as the result of a mighty gigantic conspiracy of the despots of the old world, with kindred spirits which they had planted, nourished and cherished and ripened in the South; by secret intrigue had encouraged the disloyal element to rebel and overthrow this mighty republic, of whose example and influence was rapidly shaking and undermining their monarchial fabrics, and demonstrating to their intelligent subjects that greater prosperity and happiness was possessed under a republican than under a despotic form of government, and the hand writing on the wall proclaimed that crowned heads could only be secured by the destruction of this government; as it was plain they could no longer reconcile their subjects, who were loudly clamoring for a more liberal form of government, and who until now had been quieted by the declaration that this republican bubble would soon burst up, as they were sure their diabolical plot would soon effect the destruction of this government. But our success has fully demonstrated that we have the strongest and most powerful form of government in the world, by our triumphing over a combined element of treason and treachery which was sufficiently powerful to have overthrown all other governments on earth. And we have hereby settled the destinies of the nations of the world, and if we act wisely and truly as a nation we will in time republicanize the whole world.

12th. What party is that is so wilfully blind with treason as to refuse to see the true and plain issue involved in this rebellion; but to their disgraceful ignorance and blindness rush on, crying nigger! nigger! violation of the constitution! we must follow the constitution! we must support the constitution! we must obey the constitution! while they themselves are and have been all the time doing all in their power to destroy it, and its great democratic principle of the peoples right to rule; and they support and advocate the monarchial power of king Andrew Johnson, and instead of their rejoicing at our triumphs over rebellion and the restoration of peace, they are conjuring up every evil surmise, stirring every discordant element, exciting every bitter passion and prejudice to produce if possible a war of the races, circulating incendiary rebel documents, and grieving and lamenting over the lost cause, extolling rebel military and civil officers and ministers as the ablest and bravest in battle, soundest and safest rulers in the affairs of government, and the most pious and eloquent in the pulpit; and every unrepentant and bloody-handed traitor, whether against his country or his party, is taken into their arms and pressed to their bosoms; and while their hands and garments are reeking with loyal blood they are sympathizing, plying and justifying their rebellion, and all their cruelties and tortures towards our gallant soldiers, and applying to them the endearing name of southern brethren; and every loyal man that refuses thus to fellowship them until they purge themselves of treason and wash their hands of loyal blood, and in a true penitential spirit of acknowledgment for their wrongs and pledging themselves, are denounced as cruel unfeeling butchers. These facts are plain to every intelligent person, and plainly demonstrates that this party is so deeply steeped in treason that it shines out of every linament in the countenance, exhibited in every nod of the head, and every utterance of the lips, and so perfectly saturated with treason that it oozes out of every pore.

13th. What party was overwhelmed with grief, sorrow and dismay when the sad and sorrowful tidings flashed with lightning speed throughout the land that the Chief Magistrate of a great nation, had fallen by the hand of an assassin; and not only because a great and good patriot had been cruelly and maliciously slain, but at the development of the fiendish vindictive spirit that a demon of the bottomless pit would blush to imitate, and then to reflect that no position no matter how high or sacred was secure from the dastardly cowardly, blood-thirsty assassin, who is stealthily on tip toe approaching, like the ferocious panther behind the back of his innocent, unsuspecting victim, he pounces upon his prey, the fatal ball pierces his brain and he dies; and the monster flees, having secured by his base act the promotion of his bosom friend to a position where he could recover what his traitor friends had lost by their bloody rebellion.

13th. What party is that goes to hold their leaders or rulers amenable to the laws for high crimes and misdemeanors, and instead of concealing and defending or resorting to mobery or assassination as a remedy for actual or supposed wrongs, arraign them at the bar of justice, and lawfully and impartially investigate their cases and charges and inflict upon their guilty heads the just penalties of violated laws.

FINIS.

Grant's Eloquent Gratitude.

The magnificent order of Gen. Grant to his troops, after their great triumphs at Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge, is perhaps the most eloquent of all his military writings. We reprint it, not only that he may not be forgotten, but that the loyal people of the South may understand how they will be cared for when he is elected to the Presidency, in despite of the efforts of the same traitors who have been restored by Andrew Johnson to rights which they have shamefully abused:

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION
OF THE MISSISSIPPI,
IN THE FIELD, CHATTANOOGA, TENN.,
December 10, 1863.

The General commanding takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks and congratulations to the brave armies of the Cumberland, the Ohio, the Tennessee, and their comrades from the Potomac, for the recent splendid and decisive successes achieved over the enemy. In a short time you have recovered from him the control of the Tennessee river from Bridgeport to Knoxville. You dislodged him from his great stronghold upon Lookout Mountain, drove him from Chattanooga Valley, wrested from his determined grasp the possession of Missionary Ridge, repelled with heavy loss to him his repeated assaults upon Knoxville, forcing him to raise the siege there, driving him at all points, utterly routed and discomfited, beyond the limits of the State. By your noble heroism, and determined courage you have most effectually defeated the plans of the enemy for gaining possession of the States of Kentucky and Tennessee.

You have secured positions from which no rebellious power can drive or dislodge you. For all this the General commanding thanks you collectively and individually. The loyal people of the United States thank and bless you. Their hopes and prayers for your success against this unholy rebellion are with you daily. Their faith in you will not be in vain. Their hopes will not be blasted. Their prayers to Almighty God will be answered. You will go to other fields of strife; and, with the intrepidity, bravery and unflinching loyalty to justice and right which have characterized you in the past, you will prove that no enemy can withstand you, and that no defences, however formidable, can check your onward march.

By order of
U. S. GRANT, Major General.

The Medal To Grant In 1863.

Both houses of the American Congress, without a dissenting voice, including many who are now leading the rebel Democracy against him as the Republican candidate for President, passed the following joint resolution on the 8th of December, 1863, in return for his splendid victories in Mississippi and Tennessee, which was promptly approved by Mr. Lincoln:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress be and they hereby are presented to Major General Ulysses S. Grant, and through him to the officers and soldiers who have fought under his command during this rebellion, for their gallantry and good conduct in the battles in which they have been engaged; and that the President of the United States be requested to cause a gold medal to be struck, with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions, to be presented to Major General Grant.

SECTION 2. *And be it further resolved*, That, when the said medal shall have been struck, the President shall cause a copy of this joint resolution to be engrossed on parchment, and shall transmit the same, together with the said medal, to Major General Grant, to be presented to him in the name of the people of the United States of America.

SEC. 3. *And be it further resolved*, That a sufficient sum of money to carry this resolution into effect is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

This medal on one side presents a profile of the General, surrounded by a laurel wreath, beneath which is his name and the dates of his victories. On the obverse is the figure of Fame reclining on the American eagle shielded; Fame holding in her right hand a trumpet, and in her left a scroll, on which is inscribed "VICKSBURG, CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI RIVER, CHATTANOOGA;" on her head an ornamented helmet. Beneath all, are represented sprigs of pine and palm intertwined; while over all are the words *"Proclaim Liberty throughout all the Land."*

RUSSELLVILLE, Ky., June 16.—MAJOR LAWRENCE, U. S. Marshal of this District, was assassinated in this place this morning by a returned Rebel soldier. He is the fifth Union man that has been murdered here within the past few month. During the war he was Major of the 17th (Ky.) Cavalry, and proved to be a very gallant officer. He has a brother residing in Buffalo, New York.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., June 17.—The assassination of Major Lawrence, at Russellville, yesterday, was the result of a deliberate determination on the part of the Rebels to kill or drive out every Union man in their midst. He had been repeatedly threatened by the Ku-Klux Klan. A week ago he received notice that he was to be killed in less than ten days. He paid no attention to the warning, and as he was going out of town yesterday afternoon to serve a summons, the assassin stole upon him and fatally butchered him in broad daylight. Capt. McClery of the army, who went down to investigate the case, pronounced it a cool, premeditated, murder. Union citizens are arming, and the utmost excitement prevails. A detachment of the 2d Regulars reached there last night.

General Grant's Church Going.

The wife of Gen. A. C. Harding, Representative in Congress from the Fourth District of Illinois, has written the following letter to the Rock Island (Ill.) *Union*, which is published

The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, JUNE 24, 1868.

Local and Miscellaneous.

The ARGUS has now a larger circulation than any paper published in the county Advertisers will promote their own interests by bearing this in mind.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SIZE.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1y.
1 square—10 lines	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00	$8 00	10 00
2 squares	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares	5 00	6 00	9 00	11 00	18 00
4 squares	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ of a column	7 00	10 00	13 50	16 50	25 00
½ of a column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	40 00
1 column	20 00	25 00	30 00	40 00	75 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00
Auditors' Notices, per line.....10
Quarterly Payments to be made Quarterly, except Transient Advertising, which must be paid in Advance.

Table of the Thermometer for the week ending the 20th of June, 1868:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
14	68 deg.	85 deg.	67 deg.
15	71 deg.	87 deg.	75 deg.
16	58 deg.	80 deg.	75 deg.
17	70 deg.	85 deg.	72 deg.
18	58 deg.	85 deg.	71 deg.
19	73 deg.	87 deg.	73 deg.
20	69 deg.	85 deg.	67 deg.

R. T. TAYLOR.

Wm. Ringham, Jr., 70 Fifth street, Chronicle building, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the ARGUS in that city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day.

Fine Groceries, &c.—Shallenberger Bros.
Sewing Machines—J. Boggs, Agent.
Executor's Notice—Wm. H. Frazier.
Town Council—Beaver Town Council.
Administrator's Notice—Wm. H. Frazier.
Dissolution of Co-Partnership—N. P. Kerr, new baker.
Special Notice—Chas. Coale.
Public Lecture—Moses B. Johnston.
Special Notice—Chas. B. Hurst.
Special Notice—Shallenberger Bros.

To the National Republicans of Beaver County.

GENTLEMEN: The Convention of your Representatives which met in Beaver on the 1st of June inst., by a special resolution intrusted to its President the duty of appointing a County Committee to represent you, and in charge the interests of the Republican party of the county for the present year.

I have found this to be a difficult task; but have endeavored, with a single eye to the best interests of the party, to discharge the duty by selecting and appointing the gentlemen named below, and yet I cannot exempt my effort to meet your unanimous approval; nor do I think any man or even any County Convention could do so. I therefore respectfully recommend to the County Committee that when they make laws and rules for putting into effect the decision of the people in selecting candidates for office by ballot that they will not enact a law or rule to apportion the members of the County Committee among the respective poll districts, giving to each its equitable representation according to that Committee and for their election only by the Republican voters by ballot at each poll. If sometimes happens that most important and vital questions come before the County Committee and no District should have a certain share and voice in the discussion and not leave them to be shaped and controlled by any individual, as the people choose.

JAMES PATTERSON.

April 23d, 1868.

NORTH BORO—Henry Hice, (Chairman,) Geo. W. Eakin, A. Moore.
LOGSTOWN BORO—Samuel Moorhead.
BEAVER BORO—L. J. Berry.
BRIGHTON TP—C. W Fisher.
NORTH BEAVER TP—W. H. Foster.
BRIGHTON TP—W. A. Laird.
CHIPPEWA TP—John Wilson.
DARLINGTON TP—Nathan Eakin.
ECONOMY TP—Samuel McMunamy.
FALLSTON—Samuel S. McFerren.
FRANKFORT TP—John J. Wilson.
FREEDOM BORO—Philip Bentel.
FREEDOM DIST—James Parke.
GREENE TP—J. H. Trimble.
GEORGETOWN BORO———— Curtis.
FRANKFORT DIST—James McCutcheon.
MCCURDY DIST—Robert Harsha.
HOPEWELL TP—Robert C. Scott.
INDUSTRY TP—Samuel Gormley.
INDEPENDENCE TP—David Reed.
UNION TP—Sherlock Stone.
MOON TP—Robert Cooper.
NEW BRIGHTON—G. S. Barker, J. C. Boyle, R. B. Dar, R. White, C. Merrick.
NEW SEWICKLEY TP—Henry Goehring.
NEW GALILEE BORO—Wm. D. Eakin.
NORTH SEWICKLEY TP—James Wilcock.
OHIO TP—Dr. J. Scroggs.
PATTERSON TP—Chamberlin White.
PHILLIPSBURG BORO—John M. Shrodes.
FRANKLIN—Oliver Hulett Smith.
ROCHESTER BORO—S. J. Cross, Geo. Speyerer.
ROCHESTER TP—J. J. Foster.
RACCOON TP—James Ewing.
SOUTH BEAVER TP—N. J. McCormick.
ST. CLAIR BORO—James Reed.

We advise all young people who intend going from home to school, to go to the **State Normal School** at Edinboro. It is cheap, thorough and practical.

Resignation—New Appointment, &c.—T. F. Johnson, Esq., who has for a number of years filled the position of Station agent in this place on the C. & P. R. R., resigned during the past week, and is succeeded by a gentleman named Mr. Jefferson Fisher, from Columbiana county, Ohio. Mr. Fisher also has the charge of the express business at the station attended to.

Grand Social Pic Nic.—On the 4th of July next there will be held at Patterson's Grove, Beaver Falls, a grand social pic nic, under the auspices of the ladies of St. Joseph's Congregation, New Brighton. The most ample arrangements have been made, and there can be no doubt that an exceedingly pleasant time will be enjoyed by those who attend.

Extra Beef Cattle—Be on the Look-out.—Mr. Henry Feicht, who has for some time past been supplying many of the citizens of Beaver and vicinity with beef, buys his cattle chiefly in Ohio. On next Saturday he will drive through this place a choice lot of cattle recently purchased in that State for this market. They are said to be the finest cattle seen in this vicinity for a long time. Be on the look-out for them. "Admission free."

Strawberries.—The strawberry crop in this vicinity appears to be an abundant one this season.—They are offered for sale almost daily on our streets. The ruling price is about 15 cents per quart.

We are under obligations to Mr. George Engle of Brighton township for a present of a couple of baskets of fine, large, ripe ones last week. May his shadow never grow less.

Vote! Vote!! Vote!!!—In connection with the picnic to be held at Patterson's Grove, Beaver Falls, there is now offered the following articles to be voted for and given to those having the highest number of votes, namely: A Gold-headed cane to the most popular citizen, a Ladies' chair to the most popular Lady, and a Golden Badge to the most popular Conductor of the P. Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.—These articles are on exhibition in New Brighton.

Already voting has begun, and much anxiety is felt who will be declared the most popular.

Public Exercises for the Week.—We trust our readers will bear in mind the announcements made in the ARGUS of last week. We repeat them again.—On this (Wednesday evening), Rev. D. P. Lowary will deliver an address in the M. E. Church, to the pupils and friends of the Beaver Female Seminary.—On the same evening, the closing exercises will take place, and a musical concert be given in the U. P. Church by the pupils of Dr. McLean's Seminary.—On Thursday afternoon at 2 P. M. Bishop Kingsley will deliver an educational address in the Presbyterian Church. On Thursday evening commencement exercises of Beaver Female Seminary at M. E. Church.

Ice Cream and Strawberry Festival.—The Independent Order of Good Templars, Beaver Lodge, No. 300, will give an Ice Cream and Strawberry Festival, in their Hall, in Beaver, on the evening of Friday, June 26th, and if it proves successful, will be continued on Saturday evening following, June 27th. The proceeds, to be appropriated for the benefit of the Lodge. Great preparations are being made for the occasion, and in all probability the Festival will be a brilliant affair. The Cause for which this Order is working is a good one, and should receive the hearty support in every way of their good work. We hope the time and expense in carried in getting up the Festival will be amply repaid by a large and profitable attendance.

Stabbing Affray at Sewickly—Liquor Seized and Destroyed by Citizens.—The quiet village of Sewickley was thrown into a state of intense excitement on Thursday evening, in consequence of a serious stabbing affray, which resulted from illegal liquor selling. During the afternoon of Thursday, a man named Welsh called at the shoe shop of Stephen Neuman, on Beaver street, and after talking some time proposed to send to a saloon, kept by a man named Hackett, for some "cider" (the active principle of which was bad whisky,) for the purpose of having a few social glasses. The cider was purchased, and Hackett and his wife were invited to join the party. The mixture was drank, and had a most demonstrative effect upon Neuman, who insisted upon fighting Welsh. The latter declined the banter, alleging that he was not a fighting man. This only seemed to increase Neuman's violence, who knocked Welsh down, and seizing a shoe knife stabbed him in the left breast, above the heart—a superficial cut extending down towards the lower part of the abdomen. Mr. and Mrs. Hackett both joined in the assault upon Welsh, who was badly beaten on various parts of the body. He cried loudly for help, but the door being bolted no assistance was rendered him for some time. A man named Backhouse, with whom Welsh boarded, finally forced an entrance into the shop, and found the injured man on the floor, bleeding profusely, and his three assailants standing over him and keeping him down. He was taken out of the room and conveyed to Dr. McCready's office, where his injuries were dressed, after which he was removed to his boarding house.

The citizens, on being apprized of the outrage, became highly excited and formed a posse for the purpose of arresting Neuman on a warrant issued by Justice Starr. He made a stout resistance, threatening to stab any man who approached him, but he was soon overpowered, bound with cords and conveyed to Allegheny in a wagon. In the morning he was committed to jail to await the result of Welsh's injuries.

The excitement did not terminate with the arrest of Neuman. There being no licensed houses for the sale of liquor in the village, the citizens became incensed at the conduct of Hackett in dealing out whisky under the guise of cider. They visited his saloon, seized four barrels of the villainous compound, rolled it into the street and knocked in the heads. A bakery in the neighborhood was next visited, where another barrel was seized and disposed of in a similar manner. Two hundred men are said to have taken part in these seizures, and other parties reported of dealing in liquors threatened with similar vengeance. Towards midnight the excitement entirely subsided and the village retired to rest.—*Pitts. Com., June 19th.*

The Templeton Sheep Farm—Peerless—Miller & Templeton's Flocks, &c.—Through the well known hospitality and courtesy of our friend Mathew Templeton, of Hopewell township, we were (while passing his place) last week, shown his splendid sheep "Young Peerless," and other sheep in his now celebrated flocks. "Peerless" is one of the finest sheep we have ever seen, and to see him is worth a long ride. He is a thorough-bred of the Hammond stock, is four years old, and was shorn of a fleece, (grown in less than a year) weighing 25½ pounds, which can be seen at any time. Stowell's celebrated buck "Golden Fleece," shore 20½ pounds, and $15,000 has been refused for him. "Peerless," may be placed next if not equal to him. Wool two inches long was clipped from "Peerless 1" limbs just above the hoof. His limbs are like the limbs of a two year old steer. He is strong and hardy. This buck took the first premium at the last State Fair. A two year old buck from "Peerless" shore 20½ pounds, and gives promise of making the best sheep in the State, next to "Peerless." We were shown a thorough-bred ewe, 10 years old, out of Atwater's celebrated flock. She has a ewe lamb that will equal if not surpass any other in the county. Templeton & Miller's ewes average about 10 pound of wool each.

We are glad to know that Messrs. Templeton & Miller are so successful in the breeding of first class sheep and that it is their determination to make the business a speciality. We are free to say, that already they have the model sheep farm of the county, and hope that their well known enterprise will lead them to make it the model farm of the State. They are both enthusiastic sheep raisers, and practically understand the business. In a few years we are confident their flocks will be (if not now) the best in the west, and are sure their care and enterprise will be rewarded. There is no possible doubt that the people will be compelled to turn their attention to raising this kind of sheep. *We cannot compete with the west in the common grades*, and we are glad to know that our friends are aware of this fact, and hope through them and others, that the grade of our wool will be elevated. —*Wash. Reporter.*

A Venerable Copy of the Argus.—Wm. M. Dowds, Esq., of this county placed in our hands a few days ago, a copy of the "WESTERN ARGUS," dated Beaver, Pa., May 15, 1821. Its editor at that date was Jas. Logan. This is probably the oldest copy of the ARGUS now in the county. It is a four column sheet—a little more than half the size of the ARGUS at the present time. In the copy before us we notice that a gentleman named Parker Campbell, of Washington, Pa., advertises several thousand acres of land in this county for sale. One of these tracts is thus described:

"Twelve hundred acres of first rate and well improved land on Little Beaver creek, and its branches, about three and a half miles from Georgetown on the Ohio river. Upon this land there is also good appearance of salt water, where it is designed to commence a salt well immediately. A few miles below, on the same branch of Beaver Mr. Moore has succeeded in getting good salt water, by sinking 52 feet. This body of land will also be divided in like manner to suit purchasers."

A portion if not all of this land here described was subsequently sold for taxes, purchased by Sheriff Duck of Columbiana county, O., and afterwards disposed of by him in tracts to persons now or recently living upon them. These lands now constitute the Island Run oil regions, and we presume three or four years ago the tract as advertised above could have been sold for several hundred thousand dollars.

"Axe Grinding."—The large class of persons who regard a newspaper office as a huge grindstone, upon which they may freely whet their dull wits or sharpen chipped "axes," are offered some good counsel by a Washington cotemporary.

"A correspondent who sent us some days ago a communication of nine foolscap pages, advocating the claims of a ward candidate for office, takes exception to our notice of Saturday, that all such communications will be inserted at advertising rates. He asks, rather indignantly, if public spirit does not prompt us to publish such matter without charge? Well, not much. If our printers, paper makers, and ink makers will agree to take their pay in the article of public spirit, we'll think about it."

There is food for reflection in these few sentences.—Not a day but that a printer is asked to give his labor, paper, ink and wear and tear of material, all of which cost money, and not a little of it, either, *for nothing*, to some object or organization. Persons asking these gratuities from printers, would be ashamed to go into the next store, on the way up street, and *not pay cash* for a purchase made for the same thing, for which they required the printer to *donate* his work or be considered mean.

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Look Out for them.—A Pittsburgh paper says a new scheme for swindling farmers is on the tapis.—The article now offered is a wrought iron plow-point, fitting into a hollow square, of the economy of which wonderful tales are told. Those that have got bitten find that wrought iron points cost more a piece than entire shares of cast iron. As these plow-point swindlers are understood to be making a hurried sweep up through the Southern counties of New York, in order to get into West Virginia, Pennsylvania and the Eastern States, farmers would do well to be on the alert for them. Papers desirous of saving their patrons' pockets will direct attention to this swindling scheme. It has cost the farmers of the West about $200,000 the past year.

Seminary Exercises.—The examination of the classes in the Ladies' Seminary of Beaver, (Dr. McLean's) will commence on Monday afternoon, 22d inst., at half past one o'clock, and be continued throughout Tuesday and the forenoon of Wednesday. The friends of education, and especially the parents and friends of the pupils are invited to attend.

The closing exercises, consisting of Essays &c., by members of the graduating class, and a musical concert by the pupils of the school will be on Wednesday evening, 24th inst., in the U. P. Church. Doors open at 7 and exercises to begin at 7½ P. M.

Admission *free*, but it is expected of parents not to be too indulgent to their very young children, and especially that they are not allowed to attend except their parents come with them and take charge of them.

Information Wanted.—My widowed daughter, Eliza Ray, was sent North by Gen. Sherman in his raid through Georgia, from her home in Marietta, with her five children. Information of her whereabouts will be thankfully received. Address, Rev. Elijah Roberts, Somerville, Ala. Papers will please copy the above for the benefit of a worthy poor man who would pay their bills if able.

For the Argus.

TO THE FRONT.

TUNE: *Rebellion no More.*

Turn out loyal men—every man to his post,
The Union forever—forever our boast;
We have millions to vote for the red, white and blue,
For Grant and Colfax; the brave, honest and true.

CHORUS.

On, on Union boys, in the line leave no *blanks*;
March up to the Polls, keeping step in the ranks.
Then harness the horses, and move up the train,
Grant will finish the battle—by flanking again.

The guilt of the rebels may cause them some dread,
But we never will injure one hair of their head;
We'll feed, clothe and teach them to read and to write,
The redskin, the black, and the yellow and white.

CHORUS.

Then onward brave boys, in your line leave no *blanks*,
Forward march to the Polls; keep the step in your ranks.
Then harness the horses and bring up the train;
With Grant on our Ticket, we'll flank them again.

With Grant as our leader, and Colfax beside,
We'll close in the rebels, to humble their pride.
With our flag overhead, and our ticket in hand,
The Union is safe with Grant in command.

CHORUS.

Then hark to the bugle—'tis for peace not for strife;
Pit-a-pat, pit-a-pat sounds the drum with the fife.
We'll limber our cannon—wish none to be slain;
Surrender, we'll never; but Union maintain.

Cease rebels your anger and venomous spite,
You should cease to do evil; and learn to do right.
We'll muster the loyal, and move up the train,
We'll flank you with voting, (not bullets) again.

CHORUS.

Nine cheers for the boys who filled up the ranks:
For the States that were out—that now fill up the *blanks*.
Nine cheers for the voters who hold up our shield;
We'll stack all our arms, when our enemies yield.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 18TH, 1868.

Dear Argus: The election here has been the cause of much disturbance and the matter has not been settled yet.

The night of the election the Democrats had such strong hopes of the result being in their favor, that they celebrated their victory by bonfires, processions, speeches, skyrockets, music, etc. The Democratic candidate for Mayor who supposed he was elected, made a grand speech of acceptance, laying down his policy, &c. But, lo! and behold; what morning and election returns brought forth; a small majority for the Republican candidate. What a waste.

Several murders have occurred on account of the election differences, and any quantity of small fights. So much "onpleasantness" has occasioned that the Chief of Police forbid processions, as a measure to keep the peace.

The city Hall was in a state of fermentation the day the Council and Mayor were to be sworn in, both parties claiming to be the legal officers, whilst the other were elected by fraud; both taking possession of the office, both councils meeting in the same Hall. The result is, this city is better off than most; two boards of councilmen and three Mayors. Mayor Wallack refusing to turn over the keys and papers until he knew who his rightful successor was. The Democratic council have appointed a Mayor ad interim.

The Republicans have decided to contest some of the wards.

The Chinese Embassy are attracting a great deal of curiosity. Last week they were received by the House of Representatives and yesterday by the Senate. Of course on such occasions the galleries are crowded. To-day they are invited to see the review of our troops, which I presume they will think rather a paltry affair, when we consider what Mr. Bullingame declared on the floor of the House on the day of their reception, that the fighting population of China consisted of eighty millions of men, while our entire population is not above thirty millions. The company, thirty-three all told, eleven Mandarins and twenty-one servants. Their dress is the subject of much comment, and a decided innovation on the present contracted style of dress worn by gentlemen. In manners are polite, bowing with as much grace as any Frenchman. The hair worn plaited down the back, and will measure three, four, and five feet, the envy of all the ladies.

The twenty per cent. bill is occupying considerable of attention from a certain class whom its passage will effect. It passed the House the other day, but is to be brought up to-day, to be reconsidered, which is regarded as its death knell.

W. A. A.

"If Wish I had Capital."—If we heard a great strapping young man exclaim the other day in an office.—We did want to give him a piece of our mind so bad; and we'll just write to him. You want capital, do you? And suppose you had what you call capital, what would you do with it? You want capital.—Hi ven't you hands and feet, and muscle, and bone, and brains, and don't you call them capital? What more capital did God give anybody?

'Oh, but they are not money,' say you. But they are more than money, and nobody can take them from you. Don't you know how to use them? If you don't, it's time you were learning. Take hold of the first plow, or hoe, or jack-plane, or broad-axe that you can find, and go to work. Your capital will soon yield you a large interest. Aye, but there's the rub! You don't want to work; you want money on credit, that you may play gentleman and speculate, and end by playing the vagabond.

Or you want a plantation with plenty of hirelings upon it to do the work, while you run over the country and dissipate; or want to marry some rich girl who is so foolish enough to take you for your good looks, that she may support you.

Shame on you young man. Go to work with the capital you have, and you'll soon make interest enough on it, to give you as much money as you want and make you feel like a man. If you can't make money on what capital you have, you could not make it if you had a million of dollars in money. If you don't know how to use bone, and muscle, and brains, you would not know how to use gold. If you let the capital that you have lie idle, and waste and rust out, it would be the same thing with you if you had gold; you would only know how to waste it.

Then don't stand about idle, a great helpless child waiting for somebody to come and feed you, but go to work. Take the first work you can find, no matter what it is, so that you may do well. Yes, whatever you undertake, do it well; always do your best. If you manage the capital you already have, you will soon have plenty more to manage; but if you can't or won't manage the capital God has given you, you will never have any other to manage.—*Exchange.*

New Books.—MOON'S LIFE OF HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX.—T. B. Peterson & Brothers, No. 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, have in press and will publish in a few days, "The Life of Hon. Schuyler Colfax," written by Rev. A. Y. Moore, of south Bend, Indiana, who was for twelve years, as pastor and friend, in the entire confidence of Mr. Colfax, and had access to the files of the paper published by Mr. Colfax for twenty years, and to the Congressional Globe; knows all his past history and all who have known him from boyhood. He began this biography two or three years ago, so that it is not one of the hurried and ephemeral publications so common in election years. Mr. Moore is a gentleman of fine talent and culture, and there is no doubt but that his biography of Mr. Colfax will be worthy of its distinguished subject.

The following letter from Mr. Colfax, to Rev. A. Y. Moore will explain itself:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 30, 1868.

"My Dear Mr. Moore:—

"As your prediction of a year ago has been realized I have no further objection to your publishing any sketch, more or less full, of my life, you may have prepared. As you were for a dozen years a fellow-townsman of mine, and a valued friend, I suppose you know as much about my history as the public would care about knowing; and although my engrossing duties here leave me no time to revise the manuscript, I have no fear that your work will not be a faithful one.

"Yours, very truly,

"SCHUYLER COLFAX.

"Rev. A. Y. Moore, South Bend, Indiana."

It will be published in a large duodecimo volume of five hundred pages, printed from large type, and on the finest and best of white paper, with a portrait, on steel, of Mr. Colfax, executed by one of the first artists in the country, from photographs taken of Mr. Colfax within the last week; the whole bound in cloth in the most substantial manner. Price, $1.50 a copy. Canvassers wanted everywhere. Large discounts given. Copies will be sent to any one, at once, postpaid, on receipt of price, by the Publishers.

Drowned.—On Tuesday night of last week, about 12 o'clock, while the steamer Lioness was passing up the river with a "tow" of empty barges, a man named D. W. Golding, who had come down from Smith's Ferry on a raft, as pilot, went out in his skiff and endeavored to catch hold of the "tow," but in the attempt his skiff swung under the guards of the boat and he was knocked overboard. The engineer, who was standing on the guards, ran in and stopped the engines, but it was too late to save his life. His body is not yet been recovered.—*East Liverpool Record.*

G. A. R.—Post 99, Grand Army of the Republic, Beaver, Pa., on Wednesday evening of last week, elected the following officers for the ensuing six months: P. C., Dr. A. W. Acheson; S. V. C., J. Morton Hall; J. V. C., Chas. Decarme; Q. M. H., Robert Moore; P. A., D. D. Johnston; P. S., Dr. D. McKinney; O. D., Noah Scott; O. G., David Stoner.

Post No. 108, New Brighton, Pa., on the same evening elected the following officers: P. C., E. A. Noble; S. V. C., D. R. Corbus; J. V. C., D. Lloyd; P. A., D. Shields; Q. M., E. Pugh; Surgeon, D. Stanton; Serg't. Major, C. K. Chamberlain; Q. M. S., Jas. Lourimore.

Strawberry Festival.—A strawberry and ice cream festival was given in the M. E. Church of Bridgewater on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week. The proceeds are to be expended in the purchase of books for the Sabbath School connected with that congregation. We have not been advised as to the amount of money realized on the occasion. We do know however that the strawberries and ice cream dealt out on the last evening were as good as the best.

A Row Among the Chickens.—On last Sunday night a "purp" belonging to Capt. H. M. Donehoo, on evil bent, broke into the poultry yard of Dr. McKinney. Before he "vamosed the ranche" he killed 33 young chikens, 6 old hens, besides destroying two well-filled nests on which hens were setting. The "purp's," victory was only temporary, however, for when morning came, he too went under in consequence of a skillful use of fire-arms.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society at the Sheriff's Office in the Borough of Beaver, on Saturday June 27th, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M. A full attendance of the members is desired.

J. R. HANNA, Sec'y.

The State Normal School, at Edinboro, is the best place for the young people of Western Pennsylvania to obtain an education. Its advantages are surpassed by no similar institution known to us.

The Washington County Democracy.—The Democracy of Washington held their county convention on Monday last. The following ticket was nominated:

For Congress—"Col." Hopkins.

For Assembly—Alfred Creigh and Robert McKinley.

Pros. Attorney—————Bentley.

Commissioner—Jas. Kerr.

Director of Poor—J. Miller Day.

Auditor—————Walker.

Congressional conferees—Freeman Brady, D. F. Patterson and William Swan.

Representative Conferees—John McCullough, A. Bruce, T. W. Bradley.

Marriages.

SNEAD—BENTEL.—On June 18th, at the Parsonage, Allegheny city, by Rev. J. J. McIlvar, Mr. J. W. Sneed, and Miss Kate Bentel, all of Freedom, Beaver Co., Pa.

DAVIS—MCLANE.—On the 16th inst., by the Rev. J. M. Smith, Mr. Henry Davis and Miss Tillie McLane, both of Beaver Co., Pa.

Deaths.

SILTSLEY.—On the 19th of June, at the Beaver county Poor House, Mr. John G. Siltsley, aged 76 years.

Special Notices.

Bee-Hives! Bee Hives and Honey Drawers, for sale by Chas. Coale, New Brighton. 2t

"ENTERPRISE INSURANCE CO."—Chas. B. Hurst has been appointed agent for Beaver County. Policies which have expired will be renewed on application to him, at Rochester, Pa. 2t

WANTED—Old Potatoes, Corn and Oats, at Shallenberger Bros., Bridgewater, Pa. 2t

PUBLIC LECTURE.—Mr. Moses B. Johnston a young colored man of this county, will lecture in Hanover Beaver county, July 4th, on the subject of Popular Prejudices. This young man, as many readers of the ARGUS are aware, is a native of our county, and has taken a thorough classical course in Westminster college. For some time past he has been travelling as a public lecturer over several of the Western States, and the earnestness, candor and ability with which he presents the claims of his race demands for him a respectful and unprejudiced hearing. If those who claim that the colored race have no mental capacity, no power of reasoning, and combining no touching eloquence and pathos will only give him a considerate hearing, they may have good cause to doubt the soundness of their position. Let us for once lay aside our accursed hate of race and listen to the pleadings of a representative man of the hated hue. Remember July 4th, at 2 o'clock P. M. 2t.

See one of the Prize Cups awarded to A Speer for his celebrated Port Grape Wine.—It is the best grape wine ever produced in this country, the standard wine for communion purposes, and the most beneficial for females and weakly persons. 1y.

SPEER'S WINE.

Speer's Port Grape Wine is the only wine calculated to do good in diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, and kidneys, such as acidity, dysentery, diarrhœa, incontinence of urine and general debility. One bottle is sufficient to convince the most sceptical of the great curative powers contained in this wine.

Sold by druggists.

GRAPE WINE.

We take pleasure in directing the attention of the public to Speer's celebrated Port Grape Wine, a pure and unadulterated grape wine upon which every one having occasion to use wine may most implicitly rely.

The wine is made at Speer's vineyards, Passaic, N. J. It has a rich flavor, mellow juiciness, and brilliant color, and is not only an agreeable beverage, but highly beneficial in its properties. We know this to be the fact, having tried the article thoroughly. Use Speer's Bottled Wines with his signature, on the cork, and you are sure of getting a pure article.—*Davenport Democrat.* 2t

NEW MACKEREL!

NEW NO, 3 MACKERAL (1868) in quarter bbls; also No. 1 in Kitts and by the pound, at Shallenberger Bros.

FOR PIC-NICS.

Fancy Crackers of all kinds,
Preserved Peaches in Heavy Syrup,
Imperial Prunes in air-tight boxes,
Sardines,
Pine Apple in cans,
English Pickles in jars,
French Mustard prepared,
For sale by
Shallenberger Bros.

Beeson's Hydraulic Cement
For sale low, at
Shallenberger Bros.

QUEENSWARE.

Glassware, Wood and Willow-ware, a full assortment at the lowest cash rates, for sale at the Family Grocery of
Shallenberger Bros.

e3t'68:1t.

ROHRER'S WILD CHERRY

TONIC BITTERS,

ARE THE

BEST IN USE.

Use Rohrer's Tonic Bitters,

The very best in the Market.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

Cor. 2d and Wood streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Wholesale Agents for the West.
For sale by JOHN MOORE, Beaver, Pa.
je3'67:1y.

WALL PAPER!
WALL PAPER!
WALL PAPER!
Oil Cloths!
Oil Cloths!
Oil Cloths!
CARPETS!
CARPETS!
CARPETS!

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND ROLLS OF WALL PAPER just received, and will be sold lower than can be purchased elsewhere, at

B. MULHEIM'S,
Bridgewater, Pa,

Direct from England, bearing the original packages. Also, Window Shades, Satchels, Trunks, Stereoscopic Views of all places of interest in the country and upon the continent.

I respectfully give notice to all to call and see the large and well selected Stock of general VARIETY GOODS.

Included in above, we have Looking Glasses, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, &c., of beautiful design and pattern.

B. MULHEIM.

mar17'68:1y

GRAND SPRING

OPENING AT

J. H. BENCE'S,

THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PA.

Entirely New Stock

MILLINERY GOODS!

RIBBONS,
HATS,
BONNETS,
FRAMES, &C.

J. H. Bence

Is just receiving a fine stock of TRIMMINGS of every kind, Dress Trimmings, Gimps, Laces for Trimmings, &c.

Buttons.

We claim to have a good selection always on hand

FANCY HANDKERCHIEFS AND GLOVES,

Of all kinds. Cuffs and Collars, Ladies' Scarfs, French Forms, &c., &c., &c.

Embroidery,

A good assortment always on hand. Beautiful patterns of stamped work for ladies' underwear, &c., &c.

VEIL STUFFS,

Of every description.

HATS AND BONNETS ALTERED, CLEANED AND DONE OVER CHEAP.

Also, Dresses and Sacques cut and made to order.

Elegant French Whalebone Corsets, very cheap.

PINKING AND STAMPING

Done to order.

Those new styles of *HOOP SKIRTS.* Always on hand.

Our Goods are seasonable and carefully selected.—Everything desirable in our line is added to our stock as soon as introduced in the market. Our goods are what we represent them, and our prices as low as any. Thanking our friends and customers for past patronage, we would respectfully ask a continuance of the same. Give us an early call and satisfy yourselves.

J. H. BENCE.

apr1'68:3m.

Great Bargains!

DRY GOODS

AT THE NEW STORE OF

James A. Fortune.

IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

Dry Goods of every Description.

THE CHEAPEST IN BEAVER COUNTY.

STRAW GOODS, MEN AND BOY'S HATS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, FANCY GOODS.

These Goods are all new, having been bought for cash since the late decline.

Call Early and Secure Bargains,

As we are bound to sell at

PITTSBURGH PRICES.

Stamping, Pinking and Machine Stitching to order. Men's Shirts made to order.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

Remember the place, room formerly occupied by Nelson & Roessler,

IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.

JAMES. A. FORTUNE.

P. S. I have secured the services of WATT GEALY, formerly of Bridgewater. [may20'68,

FRESH ARRIVAL!

New Spring Goods!

NO ADVANCE.

FIRST OPENING

OF

SPRING GOODS FOR 1868

AT

F. A. Fortune's

CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE

IN THE DIAMOND

ROCHESTER PA.

NEW PRINTS,
NEW MUSLINS,
NEW CHECKS,
NEW GINGHAMS,
NEW DELAINES,
NEW COBURGS,
and PLAIDS.

ALSO,

Table Dinner Crash,
Red Flannels,
White Flannels,
Yellow Flannels,
Jeans,
Cassimeres,
Tweeds,
Drillings,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Notions and Fancy Articles,
Trimmings,
Bonnet Ribbons,
Millinery Goods, &c.,

The above comprises the most complete Stock ever offered to the citizens of Beaver county, and we take pleasure in assuring our customers and those who may favor us with a call, that the above stock is as cheap as ever.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

F. A. Fortune's

CHEAP DRY GOODS STORE

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

BIG SIGN Across the pavement.

COME EVERYBODY AND SECURE BARGAINS.

Flour Down!

BEST WHITE WHEAT,

Warranted Equal to

"DAYTON SNOW FLAKE."

Price, $5 ½ sack, $1 87
50 " 3 12
Barrel, 11 50

Rochester, June 8th, 1868. S. J. CROSS & CO.

97th SEMI-ANNUAL EXPOSE
JANUARY 1, 1868.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.

Hartford, Conn.

ASSETS (at Market Value.)

Cash on hand and in Bank,	$548,607 81
Real Estate,	253,083 83
Mortgage Bonds,	830,870 00
Bank Stocks,	1,337,810 00
U. S., State and City Stock and other public securities,	1,033,173 75
	$4,833,543 39
Total Liabilities,	465,348 63
Net Assets,	$4,368,194 76

Duly Attested, Sworn to and Signed.

The Ætna Insurance Company is the Trustee of its Patrons to an extent ten fold greater than of its own Stockholders.

TOTAL LOSSES PAID,

$23,000,000.00.

If a proper estimate is formed of the ruin and destruction occasioned by the burning of TWENTY-THREE MILLION DOLLARS of property, among people in every grade and position, in amounts large and small, under every conceivable circumstance, it will give a correct idea of the Company's good works, and the value of genuine underwriters. The oldest is the cheapest.

AGENTS FOR BEAVER COUNTY,

A. Wynn, Beaver, Pa.; A. G. McCreery, New Brighton, Pa.; C. H. Hurst, Rochester, Pa.; John H. Trimble, Hookstown, Pa.

mr20'68.

NEW STORE

IN BEAVER, PA.

MRS. B. H. BEACOM RESPECTFULLY announces to her many friends in Beaver, Bridgewater, Rochester, Freedom, and through the adjoining country, that she has opened a very superior stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

Which she offers at the very lowest prices. Persons wishing any of the following Goods cannot do better than by calling:

EMBROIDERY,
FANCY GOODS,
VEIL STUFFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
GLOVES
LACE COLLARS, &C., &C.

She desires to call attention also to the fact that she has connected with the VARIETY STORE, a

LITERARY & NEWS DEPOT,

and will supply all orders for MAGAZINES, WEEKLIES, and SHEET MUSIC. Also, all varieties of STATIONARY. You will be very welcome to call and examine the stock. Prices are such as will suit you. Remember the Place: Third Street, Beaver, nearly opposite the U. P. Seminary.

je10'68:tf.

Geo. C. Speyerer,

Has just returned from the East and is now receiving a Large and Well Selected Assortment of

Spring and Summer Goods.

AT HIS OLD STAND

Corner of Water and James sts.,

Rochester, Pa.,

GENERAL DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS,
CAPS,
BOOTS and SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS

Executor's Notice.—Letters testamentary on the estate of David Warnock, dec'd., late of North Sewickley tp., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, will make known the same without delay.

JAMES WARNOCK,
THOMPSON WARNOCK,
Executors.

jc10'68:6t.

HERMAN HIRSH. MARK HIRSH. SIMON HIRSH.

HIRSH & BROTHERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CLOTHING,

AND

Gentleman's Furnishing Goods,

NO. 29 ST. CLAIR STREET.

(Opposite Iron City College.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Clothing made to order on short notice.

nov8'67:1y.

Reineman, Meyran & Seidle,

No. 42 Fifth st., 1 door from Wood, Pittsburgh,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, DIAMONDS, PURE Silver Ware, French Clocks, Plated ware of every description. Tea sets, Spoons, Forks, &c., Watch Makers tools and material, and agency of the celebrated

AMERICAN WATCHES.

We also keep the largest and most varied assortment of the very best American made

CLOCKS!

to be found in any city east or west.

Persons in want of any article in our line either a wholesale or for their own use, will always find our prices lower and our assortment larger than any to be found west of New York city.

WATCH REPAIRING.

To this branch of our trade (being ourselves practical watch makers) we pay very special attention; we employ a force of the very best Artists in the country, and any and all fine, delicate and difficult work entrusted to our care—for the trade or individuals—may rely on getting the utmost satisfaction. Work may be sent in by express or otherwise.

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SEIDLE,

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers and Silversmiths,

42 *Fifth street, PITTSBURGH*

apr29'68:1y.

Spring and Summer GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH,
Bridgewater, Pa.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO..

Lead Pipe, Sheet & Bar Lead

MANUFACTURERS, ALSO

Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose, Steam Guages, Whistles & Valves, Iron & Copper Sinks and Bath Tubs, Steam Pumps, Farm Pumps and Force Pumps.

And every description of goods for

WATER, GAS & STEAM.

No. 167 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

Send for a Price List. [apr22'68:1y.

MUSIC IN FRONT!

BANDS FURNISHED PROMPTLY WITH

Brass and German Silver Instruments,

BY THE SET OR PIECE.

ALSO,

Brass and Tenor Drums, Cymbals and Triangles, &c., &c.,

At prices lower than can be had at any other House in this country.

Special inducements offered to BANDS AND TO DEALERS.

Send for circular and price list.

HOFFMAN, HOENE & CO.

58 FIFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DEALERS IN PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS, Sheet Music and Music Books, and importers of Musical Instruments and Strings.

apr1'68:1y.

Glassware Lamps, and Carbon Oil.

J. P. SMITH & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers IN

Lamps, Chandeliers, Glassware, Carbon, Lubricating and Lard Oils.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FURNISH AT RETAIL or to the trade all styles of goods in our line, which for quality and price defy competition. Our No. 1 Carbon Oil, we warrant to be pure and at least 115 degrees fire test. We have also on hands, the now patent SUN and SOLAR burners and chimneys.

J. P. SMITH & CO.,

Liberty St., head of Fifth,

TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICE

Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work

Done to order in the best possible manner, and on shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WOR

SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF

Third Street

BEAVER, PA.

Give us a Call, and Examine our Stock.

Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.

O. R. ANSHUTZ.

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP

IN FALLSTON,

BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. Also, almost all other Plows now or previously in use.

STOVES! STOVES!!

I have on hand and will continue to manufacture a large assortment of

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES

Of the latest styles and with all the modern improvements, which I will sell at modern rates. Among these is the GREAT REPUBLIC. This Stove has an extension top, which gives it a large surface without taking up much room, and it is now looked upon as one of the best and most economical, stoves as it takes less fuel and is more durable than other in use. The following persons, after having used this stove for a considerable length of time, may be referd to in proof of what is here said:

Dr. Isaac Winans,	Jason Richardson,
M. T. Kennedy,	James McGehen,
Eli Reno,	Capt. Woodson Glenn,
John Watson,	Thomas R. Davis,
Mrs. Geo. Fulton,	Samuel Murphy,
Capt. J. S. Winans,	Miss Holdship,
William Sagers,	Hiram Stowe,
Joseph Darling,	Mrs. Patterson,
William Smart,	James McDermitt,
Robert McGowan,	Samuel Dunlap,
Joseph Blackmore,	Thompson Johnston,
Mrs. Joseph Martin,	Mr. Crawford,
Mrs. Major Wade,	Mrs. Rev. Stephens,
Dr. J. D. McCreary,	Jonathan McKenzie,
Milo N. Miller,	Judge Kairns,
David Lesick,	Richard Knight,
Capt. James Rones,	Solomon Frank,
Dr. C. R. Tuttle,	James Knowles,
William Reed,	David Calhoon,
Kelly Hunter,	Richard Staley,
John McLaughlin,	Joseph McFerran,
Samuel Taylor,	David Carr,
Dr. Jas. E. Jackson,	George Wilson,
Thomas Beacon,	James Thompson,
John Dunlap,	Mrs. Quay,
Milton Davis,	Harrison Reed,
Marcus Baldwin,	Milton Reed,
David Lloyd,	Boston Grove,
John M. Duncan,	William Grove,
J. V. Winans,	Washington Engle,
Mrs. Robt. Andrews,	James Galley,
Mr. Lobley,	Robert Graham,
Mr. Case,	Thomas Bradshaw,
Frederick Katarah,	Milo Bradshaw,
Benjamin Franklin,	Dixon Reed,
Capt. James Johnston,	Daniel Maxwell,
Samuel Kennedy,	J. W. Funkhouser,
George Evans,	William Wagner,
John Jackson,	Mr. Chaney,
Walter Buchanon,	Henry Sulhurst,
Mrs. McPhillomy,	Mr. Wray,
H. T. Reeves,	David Mitchell.
William Hood,	

JOHN THORNLEY.

mar16'68:1y

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER,

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

PURE

LIQUORS, WINES And Brandis,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES.

PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box. Cheeseman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of LAMPS & LAMP TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.

Ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.

Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

july1'67 J. MOORE.

LOOK HERE!

LIME!

THE UNDERSIGNED IS ENGAGED IN MANUfacturing Lime at Vanport, Beaver county, Pa.—His Kilns are known as the

"Power's Kilns"

Fresh Lime, and free of stones, can always be had on short notice. I will sell as cheap as the cheapest. All order left at the Kilns, or letters addressed to me at Beaver, Pa., will receive prompt and careful attention. Lime delivered, whenever wanted.

AMOS DOUTT.

mar13'68:1y.

G. W. PUSEY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer

IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES and TEAS,

FOREIGN and DOMESTIC FRUIT,

Pickles, &c.

All kinds of Country Produce sold on commission, and prompt returns made.

NO. 49 FEDERAL STREET,

Allegheny City, Penn'a.

nov13'67:1y.

E. D. MERRICK ..... F. A. MERRICK,
C. M. MERRICK ..... J. K. BUCKLEY.

KEYSTONE STOVE WORKS

Car Factory Buildings,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA

MERRICK & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

COOKING STOVES, HEATING STOVES GRATE FRONTS and FENDERS, &c., &c.

Ruby Cooking Stove Nos. 7, 8 & 9.

THIS STOVE TOOK THE FIRST PREMIUM AT the State Fair as a Coal Cooking Stove, and also at the late County Fair. We use no scrap iron in their manufacture, but make them exclusively of No. 1 Pig Metal, and warrant them in every respect.

The Ruby has the largest oven in the market and consumes but little fuel in baking, owing to to our improved Grate.

GRATE FRONTS AND FENDERS.

We are largely engaged in the manufacture of Grate Fronts and Fenders, which we enamel in an oven common, second quality and fine finish. This enamel retains its lustre for a long time, will not burn off, and makes a much superior finish to that of Coal Tar.

SUMMER PIECES

We are also making Sheet Iron Summer Pieces (for which we have applied for a patent) pressed up in a Hydraulic press. They are much lighter than cast Iron, and much cheaper.

HEATING STOVES

We claim the heaviest heating Stove in the market for the size, and use the best Stock in their construction.

Our patterns are not yet complete, but it is our intention to keep a general assortment in our line.

We also took the Premium at the County Fair for Castings generally, and we have entered in to the business with the determination to use the best of Pig Metal and make good work.

We respectfully request a share of the public patronage, and would be pleased to see those wanting anything in our line at our woks.

Prices Low to suit the times.

MERRICK & CO.

nov30'67:1y.

DEPOT HARDWARE STORE.

WHITESIDES & DRUM,

HAVE OPENED A NEW

HARDWARE STORE,

79 *FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,*

Near P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. Depot,

WHERE THEY WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand every description of

HARDWARE,

Locks, Hinges, Nails, Glass, Sash, Grand Stones, Shovels, Picks, Axes, and all kinds of Farming and Gardening Implements, wholesale and retail. Carpenters and Hardware Dealers can always get a supply of

DRUM'S

PATENT SHUTTER HINGE AND SASH PULLEY;

Our prices and terms will be as favorable as can be found elsewhere.

Purchasers living on the Railroads, can have their goods delivered at the Depots free of charge.

my6'68:6m. WHITESIDES & DRUM.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. PROMPT RETURNS

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

Opera House Auction Room,

NO. 60 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Boots, Shoes, Carpets, Dry Goods and Notions

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

apr23'68:1y.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

144 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

A LARGE, NEW AND COMPLETE ASSORTment of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.

Hay and Manure Forks, Hoes, Shovels and Scythes, with every variety of goods usually found in a

HARDWARE STORE.

Call and examine my stock.

N. STUPY.

apr1'68:3m.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

Just received a New Stock of Goods, of the Latest Styles, for

SPRING & SUMMER WEAR,

And will be made up to order in the most approved styles, and

REASONABLE TERMS.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER IN LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES, AND AT SHORT NOTICE.

GEORGE BRAUN,

Broadway, New Brighton.

apr6'68:3m.

R. W & W. J. SNODGRASS,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS

CORNER OF

Federal and Lacock Streets, Allegheny,

(First corner below Depot,)

DEALERS IN

LEADS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS, DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PROPRIETARY MEDICINES, FOREIGN and DOMESTIC PERFUMERIES, SOAPS, TOILET ARTICLES, FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.

J. C. Hammond,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Flour, Feed, Meal &c .,&c.

GRAIN OF ALL KINDS BOUGHT FOR *CASH.* A good assortment of the different kinds of potatoes always on hand. All goods delivered when desired.

Call and see me on Connecticut street, near the Public School House, in Rochester, Pa. [June3'67:1y.

DAWSON & RICHARDSON

Beaver Falls, Pa.

HAVING JUST OPENED A LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES.

NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
NAILS,
DRUGS, &C.

Window Glass all sizes and double strength. Special attention paid to filling orders for large size window glass, &c.

Also,
LINSEED OIL,
CRUDE BURNING OIL,
BENZINE,
COALE'S PATENT DRYER,

Paints of all Colors, Ground, Dry and in Oil.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our stock of Paints before purchasing elsewhere.

Also, Choice Brands of Flour in Barrel and in Sacks. All kinds of Country produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Remember the place, first door above the Cutlery, opposite side of street.

jy10'67:tf.

R. A. WILSON.

(Late WILSON & STEWART.)

DEALER IN

Boots Shoes & Rubbers,

OLD STAND

DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

R. A. WILSON.

SIMON SNITGER & CO.,

(At the old stand, 3rd street Beaver, Penn'a.)

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

SUCH AS

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS,

FLOUR, FEED, FISH, GRAIN, &c., &c.

They are constantly receiving a fresh assortment of these articles, and the public may rely upon getting from them as good as the market affords.

All goods delivered if required.

jan15:1y.

Shallenberger Bros.

SUCCESSORS TO

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

Bridgewater, Penn'a.

DEALERS IN

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES

Queensware, Hardware,

NAILS, WINDOW GLASS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, BACON, FISH, GRAIN,

AND

Country Produce

OF VARIOUS KINDS.

M. WILLRICH..... J. M. HARTFORD.

WILLRICH & HARTFORD

Have now Opened the Finest Selection of

FALL AND WINTER BOOTS & SHOES,

Which they are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS

AND

LOW PRICES!

Call and examine our Stock

NO. 100 MARKET STREET,

Corner of Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

nov27'67:1y.

J. S. WINANS,

DEALER IN

Hardware,

Iron, Nails, Glass, and Agricultural Implements.

BUILDER'S HARDWARE, MECHANIC'S TOOLS, always kept on hand.

Also, agent for the **WORLD'S REAPER AND MOWER, OHIO MOWER** and the **TORNADO THRESHER.**

☞ East side Broadway, New Brighton, Pa.

may1'68.

New Spring Goods!

FRESH ARRIVAL

AT

S. J. Cross & Co's.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE EAST, A LARGER and better assorted Stock of general Merchandise than ever before in our house, consisting of

NEW PRINTS,

NEW MUSLINS,

NEW DELAINES

GINGHAMS,
CHECKS,
FLANNELS, all colors,
JEANS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
CRASH,
DRILLS,
BLEACHED and
BROWN MUSLINS.

NOTIONS IN LARGE VARIETY.

HOOP and BALMORAL SKIRTS,

HATS and CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Purchased always in the East, at lowest cash prices, and sold at a very small advance.

Hardware.

A complete Stock just purchased in New York and Philadelphia, of

MECHANICS TOOLS,

TABLE & POCKET

CUTLERY,

BUTTS,

STRAP HINGES,

SHUTTER HINGES,

LOCKS IN GREAT VARIETY.

NAILS AT MANUFACTURING PRICES.

WINDOW GLASS

All sizes, single and double strength, at Pittsbugh prices.

Paints & Oils.

FRENCH RICHARD & CO'S.,

CELEBRATED BUCK LEAD,

at wholesale and retail.

COLORED PAINTS,

GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

MINERAL PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

CASTOR OIL,

TURPENTINE, BENZINE and COALE'S PATENT DRYER.

Books and Stationary!

Groceries.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT,

BACON, HAMS, SIDES, SHOULDERS, MESS PORK, LARD, &C., &C.

FLOUR

In Sacks and Barrels, fresh ground, direct from Canton City Mills, Ohio.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

S. J. CROSS & CO.

NEW YORK STREET,

NEAR RAILROAD CROSSING,

Rochester, Pa.

jan1'68:1y

ROCHESTER FOUNDRY,

ANDERSON, ARBUCKLE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINE CASTINGS' Railway Track and Car Castings, Agricultural Implements, Engine and all other Castings made at a first class Foundry. Also, Stoves, Grate Fronts, Grate Bars, Liners Sash Weights, Hollow-Ware, Kettles, Iron Fence, and all other Castings called for, on short notice and of the very best metal.

Also, J. J. Anderson's justly celebrated New Cook Stove for Coal and Wood, which took the

First Premium

At the State Fair recently held at Pittsbugh. This Stove combines many new and important principles, which place it far in advance of all others now in use. Some of the merits claimed for it by the Inventor, are Heavy Metal, Well Proportioned, Beauty of Style and Finish, Ease of Draft, Easily Kept Clean, Requires but little Fuel, and the

BEST BAKER EXTANT.

All orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

We Call Attention to the Following Statements:

While living in the East I used several of the most Celebrated Cooking Stoves made in that part of the country, and on my arrival here, I was recommended to purchase the Crystal Palace Stove, (also invented by Mr. Anderson) as being the best. I did so, and used it with good satisfaction. When I saw Mr. Anderson's new Stove, I was attracted by its neat appearance, and on examining its Oven and interior arrangements, found it possessed many advantages over all I had seen. I purchased, and have one now in use. We consider it superior to any we have ever used. It is all the inventor claims, and we think, all that could be desired in a Cooking Stove.

CAPT. GILBERT PENDLETON.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 21st.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse Capt. Pendleton's statement.

JOHN H. WHISLER.

Having one of Anderson's new Stoves in use, I can fully endorse the above recommendation.

J. WOODRUFF.

Having one of Mr. Anderson's new Stoves in use, we are fully satisfied with its good qualities in all respects.

JOSEPH IRVIN AND WIFE.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 25th.

Having kept house for a long time, and used a great number of Cook Stoves of different patterns and styles, I consider J. J. Anderson's new Stove, in point of economy in fuel, ready cooking and baking for its size, superior to any we have used, and cheerfully recommend it, believing it will render entire satisfaction.

CHAS. LUCKINS.

We have one of Mr. J. J. Anderson's new Stoves, manufactured at the Rochester Foundry, and having given it a fair trial, we find it comes fully up to all that has been claimed for it. It heats very rapidly, takes but little fuel, and is a most excellent baker. Mr. Anderson may congratulate himself on having achieved quite a triumph in the line of Cooking Stoves.

Very respectfully,

Beaver, Nov. 23d, 1867. J. S. BRACKEN.

A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

AND

Hardware.

HAVING ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL selected Stock of

Teas,	Rice,
Coffee,	Cheese,
Sugar,	Soaps,
Molasses,	Bacon,
Syrups,	Fish.

Hardware.

NAILS AND WINDOW GLASS.

STONEWARE.

Pine Churns,	Peck Measures,
Oak Churns	½ Bush. Measures,
Willow Baskets,	Split Baskets.

Pure Cider Vinegar.

ALSO

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR

By the Barrel or in Sacks, constantly on hand.

☞ Prices very low, call and see.

A. S. HARVEY,

oct2'67:1y. Bridgewater, Pa.

Beaver Drug Store,

THOS. A. ANDERSON,

DRUGGIST!

Corner 3d St. and Diamond,

BEAVER, PA.

INVITES THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC generally to a full assortment of

Drugs, Medicines,

PAINTS,

OILS, VARNISHES,

Putty, Window Glass, &c,

In fact everything usually kept in a well appointed Drug and Chemical Store, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible figures consistent with a due regard for quality.

We hope by strict and careful attention to business to merit and receive a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us.

THOS. A. ANDERSON.

may27'68:tf.

NEW FAMILY GROCERY

AND

PROVISION STORE!

Cor. Railroad Crossing and New York St.

Rochester, Pa.

By COE & DARRAGH

WHERE MAY BE FOUND

Family Groceries and Provision, Fish, Flour, Cheese, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Oil, Pure Cider Vinegar, Syrups, Molasses, Salt, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars, Queensware, Willow-ware, Wooden-ware, and everything in their line, and they hope by strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of the patronage.

N. B. All kinds Country Produce taken at the market price.

COE & DARRAGH.

Rochester, Oct. 1st, 1867—oct1'67:1y.

ROCHESTER

MARBLE WORKS!

W. H. Marshall,

DEALER IN

ITALIAN & AMERICAN MARBLE

AND

MANUFACTURER OF

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, MARBLE MANTLES, STONE AND MARBLE POSTS FOR CEMETERY LOTS.

Grind Stones

Of a superior quality on hand

ALSO

AGENT FOR THE

Phenix Hydraulic Coments.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING MONUMENTS OR Headstones, give us a call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We have always on hand a large and superior stock of finished work, which we are selling lower than can be had in the country, or can be had from strolling agents through the country. So beware of agents; call and examine for yourselves before purchasing.

feb26'67:6m.

June, 1868: Now ready, the following work, containing 1038 closely printed, large octavo pages, well bound in law sheep. Price $10.

THE LAW REGISTER,

Comprising all the

LAWYERS IN THE UNITED STATES,

AND

The State Record

Containing the

State and County Officers, the Organization, Jurisdiction, and terms of the Courts for every State and Territory:

THE OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

FOR THE UNITED STATES,

Containing the

Officers of the Federal Government, the Heads of the Several Departments, Sketches of all the Members of Congress, the Officers and Terms of the Federal Courts:

The Collector's Assistant;

Giving the

Laws for Collecting Debts, Executing Deeds, Verifying Claims, and Taking Testimony, with Forms for every State:

WITH MUCH OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION.

The Whole Constituting an official and

BUSINESS MANUAL.

Prepared from Official Returns by

JOHN LIVINGSTON,

Of the New-York Bar, Sec'y of the Mer. Union Law Co.

NEW-YORK:

Published by the Merchants' Union Law Company (In the American Exchange National Bank Building.)

The Book will be sent, prepaid, to any address in the United States on receipt of ten dollars; or, it will be forwarded by express, with bill, to be paid on delivery.

Important to Canvassers Without Competition.

MARSHALL'S LINE ENGRAVING OF

GEN. GRANT

NOW READY.

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